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KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 13 P.M.	No. 14 P.M.	No. 15 P.M.	No. 16 P.M.	No. 17 P.M.	No. 18 P.M.	No. 19 P.M.	No. 20 P.M.	No. 21 P.M.	No. 22 P.M.	No. 23 P.M.	No. 24 P.M.
Kowloon ...Dep.	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25
Yuennei ...Dep.	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.00	1.15	1.30	1.45	2.00	2.15	2.30
Shatin ...Dep.	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35
Taipei Market ...Dep.	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.00	1.15	1.30	1.45	2.00	2.15	2.30	2.45
Taipei ...Dep.	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50
Fanning ...Dep.	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55
Shuangshui ...Dep.	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50	3.05
Shumshui ...Dep.	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55	3.10
Canton ...Arr.	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55	3.10	3.25	3.40	3.55	4.10	4.25	4.40	4.55	5.10	5.25	5.40	5.55	6.10	6.25

DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 13 P.M.	No. 14 P.M.	No. 15 P.M.	No. 16 P.M.	No. 17 P.M.	No. 18 P.M.	No. 19 P.M.	No. 20 P.M.	No. 21 P.M.	No. 22 P.M.	No. 23 P.M.	No. 24 P.M.
Canton ...Dep.	8.40	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25
Shumshui ...Dep.	8.45	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.00	1.15	1.30	1.45	2.00	2.15	2.30
Shuangshui ...Dep.	8.50	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35
Fanning ...Dep.	8.55	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40
Taipei ...Dep.	9.00	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50
Taipei Market ...Dep.	9.05	9.20	9.35	9.50	10.05	10.20	10.35	10.50	11.05	11.20	11.35	11.50	12.05	12.20	12.35	12.50	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55
Shatin ...Dep.	9.10	9.25	9.40	9.55	10.10	10.25	10.40	10.55	11.10	11.25	11.40	11.55	12.10	12.25	12.40	12.55	1.15	1.30	1.45	1.60	2.15	2.30	2.45	2.60
Yuennei ...Dep.	9.15	9.30	9.45	10.00	10.15	10.30	10.45	11.00	11.15	11.30	11.45	12.00	12.15	12.30	12.45	1.05	1.20	1.35	1.50	2.05	2.20	2.35	2.50	2.65
Kowloon ...Arr.	12.40	12.55	1.10	1.25	1.40	1.55	2.10	2.25	2.40	2.55	3.10	3.25	3.40	3.55	4.10	4.25	4.40	4.55	5.10	5.25	5.40	5.55	6.10	6.25

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UNINVITED GUESTS.

PROBLEM OF LONDON HOSTESSES.

"GATE-CRASHERS."

SALE OF THE "ECONOMIST."

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, July 14th.

For some time, as mentioned previously in this Correspondence, London hostesses have been perplexed over the problem of the uninvited guests—"gate-crashers," as they are called. A hostess gives a ball, which is very largely attended, and it is next to impossible to say whether any particular guest or guests received an invitation. It would be decidedly awkward to challenge anyone in a ballroom and discover that they had been asked to come.

The first hostess to tackle the "gate-crasher" in serious fashion is the Countess of Ellesmere, the hostess of one of the most brilliant balls of the season, given at Bridgewater House a few nights ago. Coming out of the supper room, Lady Ellesmere saw two or three girls entering the ball. She had her suspicions and spoke to them, with the result that they admitted they were there without invitations. Thereupon she requested them to leave, and they retired discomfited, accompanied by two young men who had brought them.

Well-Known in Society.

Those concerned in the "incident" are well-known in Society. They are Miss Denman, daughter of Lady Denman, Miss Benton, and Miss Lowndes, daughter of the novelist. The men are the Hon. Stephen Tennant, brother of Lord Glenconner, and Mr. David Plunkett Greene. Miss Benton has since written to the papers stating that she was asked to the ball by Mr. Tennant, and adds a feminine touch by saying "Lady Ellesmere must have seen me floating round in my pink crinoline dress, and it must have annoyed her."

No Guests By Request.

The publicity which has been given to what happened at Bridgewater House has brought to a head the whole question of "gate-crashing." Although Lady Ellesmere's action has been commended, it does not touch the real problem of the uninvited guest. The fact is that after the war when young men were scarce hostesses when issuing invitations to a ball asked those whom they addressed to bring some friends. This has continued more or less ever since as the accepted order of things.

Moreover, it has always been the custom in West London for one hostess who gives a dinner party for another friend's ball to bring on her friends, and she has never thought of asking if the ball-giver knows them. She simply takes them on, and because they are her friends she considers this is sufficient proof that they are of acceptable social standing. This applies to the big balls; in the case of smaller affairs it is usual for a hostess to put on the invitation "Please bring this card with you." This is meant to indicate that only the person or persons indicated are expected. But as a matter of fact invitation cards are seldom brought or asked for when the guests arrive.

The "gate-crasher" difficulty, therefore, remains, despite Lady Ellesmere's action in the matter. It is said, indeed, that there were 100 real "gate-crashers" at Bridgewater House on the night in question. Perhaps the time will come when no ball will be really select unless there are "chuckers-out" who will eject disappointed "gate-crashers" protesting to the strains of the band!

Famous Financial Paper.

Legal sanction has been obtained to the sale of *The Economist* which was founded in 1843 by James Wilson. The paper has a great reputation in the world of commerce and finance because of its independence in the matter of comment. (Continued on next column.)

£10,000 GIFT TO CATHEDRAL.

FORMER M.P. AND HIS WIFE.

A gift of £10,000 to help in expediting the completion of Liverpool Cathedral has been made by Mr. Francis Neilson, formerly of Liverpool and from 1910 to 1918 Liberal M.P. for the Hyde division of Cheshire, and his wife, Mrs. Helen Swift Neilson, the Chicago millionaire.

They stated that after studying cathedrals all over Europe they consider the site of Liverpool Cathedral the finest in the world, not second even to Durham. Mrs. Neilson, who was the widow of Mr. Edward Morris, the meat packer, said:

What has attracted us is that here there seems to be a movement back to the old spirit of the abbey, when they were the meeting-place of all the people in their joys and sorrows. It is not regarded as a cold museum by the people, but with the affectionate familiarity with something that really belongs to them.

We believe that Liverpool Cathedral will send out a warmth which may infect the older cathedrals with a new life and make them again truly communal centres.

Mr. Neilson was part author of "The Butterfly on the Wheel" and advice. When Wilson died he left the property in trust for his six daughters, but numerous subsidiary trusts were created in the course of time so that in 1918 years those who drew their income from the paper as proprietors had no voice in its direction.

Half the shares have been acquired by the owners of the *Financial News* and by Eyre and Spottiswoode, the well-known printers, who hold a controlling interest. The other moiety of the shares are in the hands of influential body of individual shareholders; and there is provision to prevent the future sale of the paper without due precautions that its policy and independence will be continued.

This is an excellent arrangement in the case of important journals. There is a similar provision to prevent the *Times* from ever getting into the hands of people who will change its character or damage its reputation.

Cable And Wireless Merger.

The prospect of a combination of all cable and wireless communications throughout the British Empire is foreshadowed by the announcement in the London Press that the Imperial Conference on Empire Communications will recommend this to the Government. The Conference has been sitting for many months under the chairmanship of Sir John Gilmour, Cabinet approval and a special Act of Parliament would be necessary before any such scheme could be put into operation.

Generally speaking, the plan finds acceptance, chiefly because it would secure uniformity of control, it would safeguard the interests of the State and the public, enable one Corporation to operate the traffic, and while the Government representatives on this Corporation would maintain a continuance of policy, their presence there would have the effect of holding the balance evenly between the cable and wireless interests.

The Government would not, of course, take any part in manufacturing or purely commercial activities. It is understood that there would be a proviso that the operating Corporation would be entitled to a fair dividend, and that after this was paid any remaining profits would be divided in equal proportions between the State and the Corporation. As is usual whenever a big fusion of interests is talked about, there is a promise that the charges to the public would be reduced. Lower tolls, it is said, would attract more business, more business would increase the volume of earnings, and with a greater income charges could easily be less than at present.

This certainly should make a strong appeal to business people throughout the Empire, and indeed, all over the world, but nothing definite can be stated on that point till we have the scheme in detail. This will not be yet awhile, pending the consideration of the Cabinet.—H.B.

DIARY OF EVENTS.

To-day.

(August 4th.)

War Declared between Great Britain and Germany 1914.
V.R.C. Night Fête, 9 p.m.
Golf: Captain's Cup and Bogey Pool, Fanning.
Baseball—Senior Division: South China v. Ellipinos.
Lawn Bowls—Division I: Craigengower v. Police; Kowloon Bowling Green v. Kowloon C.C.; Taikee v. Kowloon Dock. Division II: Civil Service v. Craigengower; East Point v. Taikee; Kowloon C.C. v. Kowloon Bowling Green; Recreation "A" v. Recreation "B".
Tennis:—Third Division: R.A.O.C. v. Chinese "B"; R.A.M.C. v. South China; Chinese "A" v. Y.M.C.A.; Civil Service v. Indian R.C.; Recreation "B" v. Kowloon Indians; Kowloon C.C. v. Recreation "A"; Nippon Club v. Hong Kong C.C.

Queen's Regimental Band Concert Kowloon Cricket Club, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "The Red Mill" and at 9.15, Long Tak Sam.
World Theatre: "Heaven on Earth".
Star Theatre: "After Midnight".
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.; King Edward Hotel, 5 p.m.

Principal Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Austral), 10.30 a.m.; Europe via Siberia (Alyan), 10 a.m.
Sunday.
(August 5th.)
9th Sunday After Trinity.
Golf: Captain's Cup and Bogey Pool, Fanning.
Queen's Theatre: "It" and "A Day's Pleasure".
World Theatre: "California".
Star Theatre: "Wild Horse Mesa".
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Monday.
(August 6th.)
Golf: Captain's Cup and Bogey Pool, Fanning.
Queen's Theatre: "It" and "A Day's Pleasure".
World Theatre: "California".
Star Theatre: "Wild Horse Mesa".
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Tuesday.
(August 7th.)
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Ltd., 32nd Annual General Meeting, noon.
Sanitary Board Meeting, 4.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "It" and "A Day's Pleasure".
World Theatre: "The Boy Friend".
Star Theatre: "Forbidden Paradise".
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Principal Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Glaucus), 2.30 p.m.; Europe via Victoria B.C. (President Cleveland), 10.30 a.m.; Europe via Siberia and via Vancouver B.C. (Empress of Canada), 5 p.m.

Wednesday.
(August 8th.)
Queen's Theatre: "Sadie Thompson".
World Theatre: "The Boy Friend".
Star Theatre: "Forbidden Paradise".
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Principal Mail:—Outward: Europe via San Francisco (Taiyo Maru), 10.30 a.m.

Thursday.
(August 9th.)
Queen's Theatre: "Sadie Thompson".
World Theatre: "Don Q".
Star Theatre: "Fingerprints".
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Friday.
(August 10th.)
Old Wykehamist's Dinner.
Queen's Theatre: "Sadie Thompson".
World Theatre: "Don Q".
Star Theatre: "Fingerprints".
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

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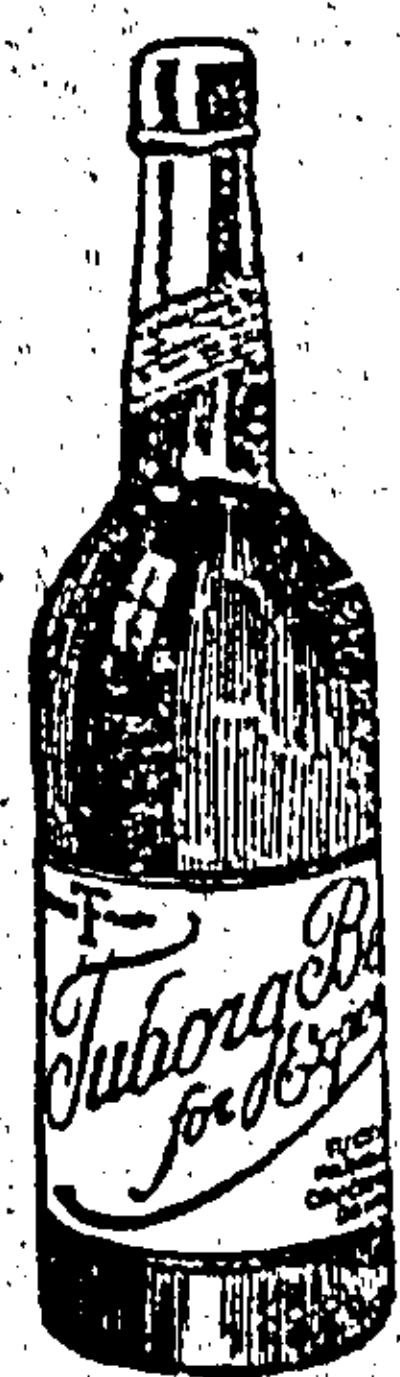
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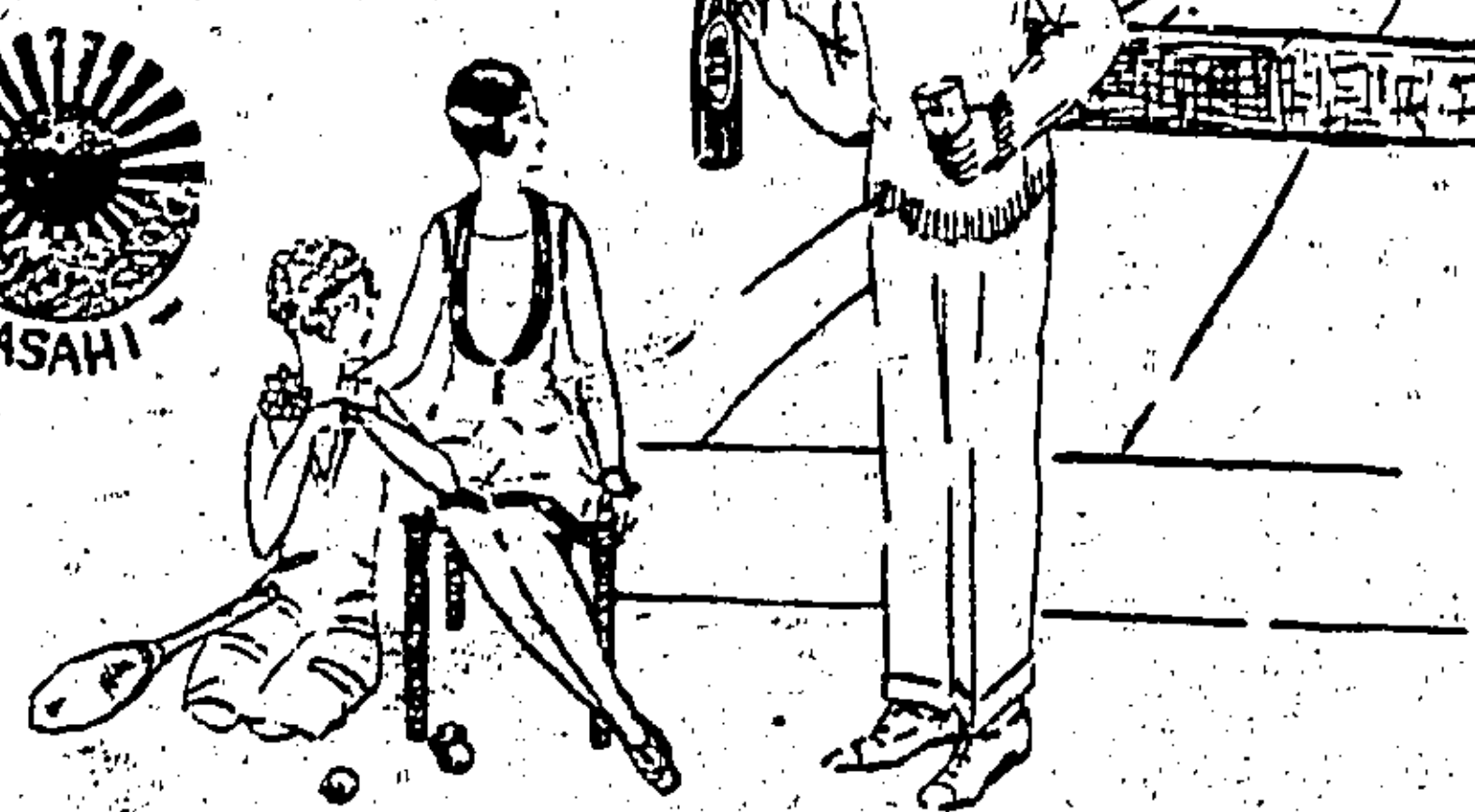
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AUCTION BRIDGE.

THAT BID OF TWO!

(By A. E. MANNING FOSTER.)

The voluntary initial bid of two of a suit has a peculiar fascination for the weak player.

This fact is so marked that you might almost judge a man's status at the game by his predilection for this particular bid.

Certain players in my own circles are registered in my mind as "Two Bidders." I love them very much as men, but I hate them as partners, because I never know what they are driving at. There seems to me no method in their madness. Sometimes they bid two on a suit of six, headed by Queen, Jack, or six, headed by Ace, King, or Queen. Or they will make the bid on a suit of six or seven headed only by Queen or even Jack.

I have tried to work out the reason for this strange obsession, and I can attribute it only to a mixture of fear and selfishness combined with a dim recollection of an old and discarded convention when Auction was in its infancy, and an initial bid of two meant length without "tops."

For many years I have been tilting against this bid of two because of its essential weakness.

First of all it is apt to destroy team work, because partner is left in doubt as to its meaning. But while it can, and frequently does, shut out partner from the bidding, it has the reverse effect on the adversaries. It encourages and heartens them to bid.

"Here is this poor boob of a player, trying to get the contract with a miserable bid of two. We'll show him. We'll 'lam' him," they think.

The truth is the initial two bid is neither fish, flesh, fowl, nor good red herring.

It is not pre-emptive. It tends to stifle the partner and stimulate the opponents, and it is not a winning bid unless partner happens to hold a hand that exactly fits when a bid of "One" would have achieved the purpose just as well and without any mystification.

The Americans, with their passion for standardisation, have attempted to conventionalise the two bid. Mr. Milton Work in his latest book, states that the bid, whether in a major or minor, means a suit of six cards headed by the three top honours with no particular strength in the other suits.

No doubt if this were universally recognised as the meaning of a two bid all would be well, but as even Mr. Work has been unable to impose this use on the American card-playing public the adoption of it can be regarded as little short of a secret convention which should not be used unless its significance is previously explained to partner and opponents.

A very sound American writer, Mr. R. E. Needham, in his recently published book, "Auction Bridge Sideights," combats Mr. Work's proposed convention. He writes:—

"The necessity of an explanation is an important reason why the opening bid of two should be abandoned. Another reason is that the merit is very questionable. The fact that it will prove a winner with certain particular declarations does not necessarily prove its worth. Many of the best players and authorities on the game are absolutely opposed to this bid, chiefly because it tends to stop helpful bidding by the partner and does not prevent bidding by the opponents."

"Everything considered, the logical conclusion to reach is that the opening bid of two should not be used. We have enough, perhaps too many, arbitrary conventions, without including one which is of doubtful value. If a standard set of conventions is ever adopted it is probable the opening bid of two will not be included."

With these sentiments I fully agree.

The best argument in favour of the two bid is that since the four-card suit bid has been adopted so widely, a bid of two should be made to show length in addition to strength. There is a good deal to be said for this in major suit bidding. If first caller bids "One," he may hold only four. If he bids "Two," you know he holds at least six. You may, therefore, support him more lightly when he bids two than you dare do when he bids one.

Against this, however, must be set the disadvantages of being left in doubt as to what the six suit comprises. Is it six to the Ace, King, six to the King, Queen, or six to the King, Jack, or six to the Queen, Jack, or some other combination? It seems to me that with six of the suit often it can be more profitably bid, or re-bid on the second round of bidding, and that the initial two bid is ineffective.

English opinion is divided on the question. But the view of the best authorities is that initial two trick bids should be confined to the two major suits, and must have real top honour strength behind them.

A bid of two of a minor suit never should be made.

There is no such thing as a justifiable initial two-trick call in a minor suit.

(Continued on next column.)

MANICURE SET OF 4,500 B.C.

DISCOVERIES IN A QUEEN'S TOMB.

COPPER NEEDLE'S PIERCED EYE.

CAIRO, July 9th.

Razors and manicure instruments of thousands of years ago are included in the latest objects to be forwarded from the tomb of Queen Hetepheres to the Cairo Museum.

Queen Hetepheres was the mother of Khufu—or Cheops—the mighty Pharaoh of the Fourth Dynasty (about 4500 B.C.), to whom is attributed the Great Pyramid at Giza.

The multifarious collection of articles, the third lot, is described in detail in an official communiqué of the Office of Public Works. The communiqué says: The third lot includes 30 alabaster vessels, a large copper ewer with its copper basin and toilet box, three gold cups, and implements and tools of gold, copper, and flint.

The toilet box is a reconstruction of an old box which was found in fragments on the floor, but the contents are the original contents, eight small alabaster jars, the copper spoon. Seven of the jars contained the seven traditional perfumed ointments of the Egyptians, and the eighth contained kohl.

Gold And Copper.

Objects in solid gold include a small drinking cup with a recurved rim and spout, two small cups, two razors (sharpened on one edge only), three rectangular knives (sharpened on all four edges), and a manicure implement with a sharp end for clearing the finger nail, and a rounded end for pressing down the skin at the base of the nail.

The copper implements consist of five razors and four rectangular knives.

There was a small, very fine copper needle with a pierced eye. This lot also includes five heavy tools made of hardened copper, which were used by the stone-masons for cutting out the chamber of the secret tomb at Giza.

EXCHANGE RATES.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

RUGBY, July 2nd.

Paris	124.10
New York	4.55.9/16
Brussels	34.90
Geneva	25.22
Amsterdam	12.08 1/2
Milan	92.80
Berlin	20.35
Stockholm	18.13
Copenhagen	18.19
Oslo	18.13
Vienna	34.42 1/2
Frague	12 1/2
Helsingfors	19.52
Moscow	2.50/32
Lisbon	375
Athens	797 1/2
Bucharest	5.29/32
Rio	47.7/16
Buenos Aires	1/5.27/32
Bombay	1/10.11/32
Yokohama	2/8
Shanghai	2/0 1/2
Hong Kong	2/0 1/2
Silver, spot & forward	27 1/2

HOW TO AVOID INDIGESTION.

AN EASY WAY TO DO IT.

In most digestive troubles, excess acid and fermented food have a tendency to remain in the stomach until the next meal is eaten. That is why intense pain so often follows immediately after eating. In cases of this kind, digestive disturbance can be absolutely prevented by taking half a tea-spoonful of 'Bisurated' Magnesia powder or two or three tablets in a little water half an hour before eating. This neutralises the acid, and in effect washes out the stomach, leaving it clean and sweet for the next meal. Get a package of 'Bisurated' Magnesia from your chemist to-day. Take it before your next meal and note the absence of the usual pain and discomfort. In very bad cases take another dose after meals, to make assurance doubly sure.

My own practice is never to make an initial two bid in a major suit at love score. If I hold a hand on which pre-emptive tactics appear necessary, or on which I should be prepared to go up anyway, I bid three straightaway. I favour an initial bid of three as much as I dislike a bid of two. On some of the hands on which players bid two I should bid three. On others I should bid one. On others, again, I should pass, and hope to be able to bid on the second round.

I hate to be dogmatic, and I am open always to conviction; but my experience of the two bid as used by my partners has been unfortunate, and I agree with Mr. Needham in condemning it.

An opening bid of two or more "No Trumps," three or more in a major suit, or four or more in a minor suit, is a *bona-fide* pre-emptive bid. While there is some difference of opinion as to the precise holdings which justify such a bid, there is no difference as to what the bid means.

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Within the reach of every family

A small first payment puts

Frigidaire in your home

You expect to have Frigidaire sometime. You know that Frigidaire not only brings you freedom from outside ice supply—it keeps all foods colder, better, and longer. It makes possible many new and delightful frozen dishes. It makes plenty of ice cubes.

You can have all the advantages of Frigidaire now. Low prices and convenient terms make it easy to own. And Frigidaire pays for itself in better refrigeration—better kept foods—surprisingly low operating cost.

own. And Frigidaire pays for itself in better refrigeration—better kept foods—surprisingly low operating cost.

Come into our salesroom today. Examine the Frigidaire most suitable for your use. Get an estimate on operating cost, based on the experience of users in your neighborhood.



This modern "ice-man" calls once—
with Frigidaire—and
the ice stays always.

Come in and let us demonstrate.

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MACHINERY DEPT.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

August 3rd, 1928.	
B.K. Banks	£1,285 buy, & sa.
Do., London	£214 1/4 nom.
Chartered Banks	£224 buy.
Mercantile Banks, A. & B.	£236 nom.
Do., C.	£214 1/4 nom.
P. & O. Banks	£275 buy.
East Asia Banks	£240 buy.
Union Insurance	£347 1/2 buy.
North China Ins.	£146 buy.
Yangtze Insurance	£150 nom.
China Underwriters	£24 buy.
China Fire Insurance	£245 buy.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	£780 buy.
Douglases	£354 buy.
H.K. Steamboats	£22 nom.
H.K. Tugs	£35 buy.
Lado-China (Frd.)	£32 nom.
Do. (Def.)	£70 nom.
Shell Transport	£100/ nom.
Waterworks	£201 buy, 204 sel.
Bengalis	£13 buy.
Kailash Mining Adm'n.	£60/ buy, 60/ sel.
Langkate (combined)	£11 sel.
Do. (single)	£11 sel.
S'hai Exp'ns	£24 nom.
Shanghai Loans	£14 nom.
Banks	£440 buy.
Tromp Mines	£17/6 nom.
H.K. & K. Wharves	£130 sel.
H.K. & W. Docks	£40 buy, 41 sel.
China Providents	£435 buy, 510 sel.
Hongkong	£168 nom.
New Engineering	£15 nom.
Shanghai Docks	£120 nom.
Two Cottons	£30 nom.
Oriental Cotton	£18 sel.
S'hai Cottons (old)	£11 nom.
Do. (new)	£21 nom.
H.K. & S. Hotels	£350 buy.
H.K. Lands	£25 buy.
Shanghai Lands	£128 buy.
Humphreys Estates	£1425 nom.
H.K. Realities	£72 sel.
Peak Trans (old)	£13 buy.
Do. (new)	£25 sel.
Star Ferries	£24 sel.
China Lights (old)	£11.80 sel.
Do. (new)	£11.85 nom.
Do. (1928 issue)	£104 buy.
H.K. Electric (old)	£48 buy.
Do. (new)	£47 buy.
Macao Electric	£25 buy.
Telephones	£6.60 buy, 64 sa.
China Buses	£10/6 buy.
Singapore	£10/6 buy.
Do. (Frd.)	£17/8 buy.
China Sugars	£32 sel.
Malayan Sugars	£24 nom.
Canton Loos	£3.70 buy.
Cedents (combined)	£3.95 buy.
Do. (old)	£3 sel.
Do. (new)	£3 sel.
H.K. Ropes (old)	£4 sel.
Do. (new)	£4.50 nom.
United Ambers	£24 sel.
United Ambers	£24 sel.
Dairy Farms	£2.80 sel.
Watsons	£14.80 buy.

(Continued at foot of next column.)



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The Food of Life

In the interests of

Good Health

it is advisable to use
only a well-known and
established brand.

Buy always and
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BEAR BRAND

Obtainable everywhere

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[L.F.]



"Felix."

 HALL, GOWEN
& ROY LINTAS.
7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Des. & Wings\$0.50 nom.
Lace Crochets\$24 sel.
Machinists\$20 nom.
Sincere\$24 buy.
Vim-Fowells\$3 buy.
H.K. Amusements\$24 sel.
H.K. Constructions\$11 sel.
Bona-Luna (J.B.) Bonds65% nom.
H.K. Govt. Loans5% prem. buy.
buy—buyers; sel.—sellers; sa.—sales; nom.—nominal.

GRAND TATTOO

11th, 12th & 13th September.

SCENARIO
Ladies and Gentlemen are wanted
to perform in the
Spectacular Scenario.

Performers will appear in Old
English and Scottish scenes.
Singing is not essential, but some
Vocalists are required.

Names and Addresses to be sent,
immediately to
Hos. SECRETARY,
"TATTOO" SCENARIO,
Y.M.C.A. CITY HALL.

The First Rehearsal will be held on
TUESDAY Next (August 7th).

Time and Place will be announced
later.

Yau Chiu Man, D.C.L.

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COMING TO THE QUEEN'S

Somerset Maugham's
"Rain" as a great
film drama!



Gloria Swanson
IN **SADIE THOMPSON**

Directed by
RAOUL WALSH

She was no one's fool, this outcast girl
from Frisco—until Handsome came
along! Then—but see Gloria in her
finest achievement! It's a winner!

United Artists Picture

WEDNESDAY TO SATURDAY

At 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30. Usual Prices—Advance Booking Now Open

SIX MONTHS OF HANKOW UNDER
THE NEW REGIME.

TRIBUTES TO DR. CHANG, DIRECTOR OF THE
EX-BRITISH CONCESSION.

RECOVERY FROM DESOLATION AND DESPONDENCY.

GARRISON COMMANDER CO-OPERATING VIGOROUSLY.

Hankow, July 28th.
The Special Administrative District No. 3 at Hankow is enjoying a period of quiet such as has not been its lot for some time, and the credit for this satisfactory state of affairs must largely be given to the Director, Dr. L. N. Chang. At the beginning of the year the Director was still struggling to get free from the embarrassments caused by the maladministration of his predecessors. He was working with a depleted treasury, a disorganized office and a disheartened body of rate-payers. The political outlook was obscure, the communists were still active, Chinese bank-notes were worthless and there was a general spirit of disregard for law and order abroad. Soldiers occupied municipal and private properties, paid no rents and wasted water by thousands of gallons.

In appraising the work of the Director one must of course give due credit to the Garrison Commander for his splendid readiness to co-operate in suppressing disturbances and rooting out communism. These six months ought to convince the Provincial Government that there is great gain in retaining the "optimum services" of able men like the Garrison Commander and Dr. Chang. A constant change of rulers is always taken advantage of by the forces which make for disorder in any community.

Good Police Work.

Those unacquainted with Hankow can best gain an idea of the vital importance of maintaining order in the ex-British Concession by running over the list of banks and noting their situation. One of the smaller Japanese Banks is located in the Japanese Concession; the Deutsch-Asiatische in the ex-German Concession; and two French and one Chinese banks in the French Concession. One Chinese Bank, the Central, is in possession of the premises of the Russian Bank in the ex-Russian concession. But the other twenty-three banks are either in the ex-British Concession or just on the opposite side of the streets which separate it from the Chinese city.

It has also to be remembered that the Director is working with a limited Chinese police force and cannot call on the volunteers for their help as the British Council could do. It is true that he can look to the Garrison Commander for help, but the British Council could look to the Navy for help. It is therefore no small thing that during the last six months there has not been one case of a successful bank robbery.

The Soldier Nuisance.

As regards the nuisance created by the soldiers, Director Chang has shown great tact and energy in his dealings with the military authorities. By the use of argument alone he has persuaded the authorities to remove the men who were quartered in the former Volunteer Headquarters and other places, and he is still striving patiently to secure the return of all private properties still in military occupation.

This brings to mind the question, What is military occupation of houses or shops? In other lands occupation under requisition from a belligerent officer would be limited to the actual needs of men serving

in the forces. Here in Hankow such occupation has included premises for the use of the wives and families of officers, and in one case at least for the concubines of a military officer. To induce those in possession to pay rent to the landlord is no easy thing.

Sanitation And Finance.

As regards sanitation there is no ground for complaint. It is true that the mosquito brigade has not invaded private premises and mended about with a tin of kerosene, but those who have seen the members of the brigade peacefully sleeping on the sandy side of a chimney stack know how little work they really did.

The cleansing of the drains is regularly attended to and there has been no trouble with the sewers. The river has not risen high this year, and this of course has saved the difficulty, which arises when the level of the river is higher than the mouth of the outflow pipes. There has been trouble about water, but for this of course the Director is not responsible, and the great improvement in the early days of July is undoubtedly due to the remonstrances which he has made to the Waterworks Company.

The state of the finances of the Concession is of course not made public at this time of the year. But the fact that the deficit in the first half of the year was paid is very satisfactory. The police and other municipal workers are all paid, and there is no sign of anyone drawing pay without working. The Recreation Club for the police has made a good start and a type of man of good physique and decent education is being attracted into the service.

Unjust Attacks On Dr. Chang.

It is not easy to understand why the leading local Chinese paper has started a campaign of abuse against Dr. Chang. The charges are puerile. One day we are told that he has assisted foreigners to regain possession of property which had been confiscated because it belonged to enemies of the Kuomintang. A mere glance at the Land Register settles that point against the paper. Another day we are told that Dr. Chang has taken down a memorial arch erected in honour of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, and everybody seems to know that the arch was taken down by the folks who put it up because it had served its purpose.

A Call To Chinese Residents.

It is extraordinary that the folks who are benefiting from the wise administration of Dr. Chang do not take steps to correct the erroneous information given in the Chinese newspaper mentioned. Foreign protests would of course be misunderstood by the editor, but if the heads of the Chinese banks and business houses in S.A.D. No. 3 would get together and demand that this campaign of vilification should cease, they could make some impression on the editor. The Republic will stand no chance of being stabilized until the average citizen realizes that it is part of his duty to protect those who are caring for his interests from the attacks of persons who have, as a rule, no interest in anyone but themselves.—North China Daily News.

AMERICA'S FATTEST MAN.

SQUANDERS \$25,000 IN HIS
LAST YEAR.

New York.

The fattest man in the United States, Mr. Emory Titman, died in Atlantic City, New Jersey, after he had squandered a fortune of \$25,000.

Mr. Titman, who weighed 50st., was told some time ago by the doctors that he had only a year to live. Bearing in mind the Biblical quotation, "Let us eat and drink, for to-morrow we die," he determined to spend his fortune in his lifetime.

He chartered special trains, entertained scores of chorus girls at expensive banquets, witnessed every prize-fight, and at the end of a year had spent all his money.

But he was not near death and his weight was down to 38st. He went to Atlantic City, obtained a job as masseur in a Turkish bath, and later drove a taxicab.

But the doctors were not so far wrong after all, for Mr. Titman had a stroke of apoplexy about a year ago, and another stroke caused his death at the age of 39. Eight men were required to lift him into the coffin.

TONGUE WARTS.

NOT A SYMPTOM OF CANCER.

Rows of little nipple-shaped projections along the sides of the tongue are causing grave worry to some people, who on discovering them think they have cancer.

Dr. C. Jennings Marshall, assistant surgeon, Charing Cross Hospital, says that these are vestigial, or rudimentary, in human beings, but much larger structures in the rabbit. He writes:

It would seem that but little pathological (disease) significance could be ascribed to them, yet during the past few years they have quite frequently come under my attention. In the commoner type they are in no way diseased, but they have caused grave worry to the patient who, both mentally and physically in perspective, has discovered at the side of his tongue these warty structures.

As the tongue can be protruded almost for its whole extent it is the duty of the medical practitioner to make the emphatic statement, "You have not a cancer," adds Dr. Marshall. In some cases these tongue warts are inflamed and painful, but this is probably due to infection from an adjacent tooth or the tonsils.

LOCAL SHARE MARKET.

A QUIET WEEK.

MESSRS. BENJAMIN & POTTS' REPORT.

In their report on the local share market, dated yesterday, Messrs. Benjamin & Potts state:—
We have again a very quiet week to record, and business has been on a small scale. The variation in prices has been slight, but on the whole they have been well maintained.

Hong Kong and Shanghai Banks notwithstanding a rise in the London price to £141 10/- (Middle) are unchanged locally with sales made at \$1.25 and further buyers at this rate. Both Unions and Cantons are in good demand, the former having advanced to 347 and the latter to \$640. Hong Kong Fires are wanted at \$730. China Fires are unchanged at \$245.

Douglas Steamships have advanced further to \$381. Sales of Hong Kong, Canton and Macao Steamboats have been reported at \$26.80. Kowloon Wharves are on offer at \$138. Hong Kong and Whampoa Docks are obtainable at \$40.

China Providents are a shade lower at \$5.10. Hong Kong and Shanghai Hotels were bid up to \$8.90. Hong Kong Lands were dealt in at the improved quotation of \$68 ex the interim dividend \$2 just paid. Humphreys' Estates have buyers at \$14.35. Hong Kong Trams are required for at \$244. An interim dividend of 20 cents per share is announced, and is payable on August 2nd. Star Ferries are obtainable at \$644. Singapore Traction (Preference) have hardened and were put through at 17/8.

China Lights (Old) seek buyers at \$11.40, while the 1928 issue have changed hands at \$10.85. Hong Kong Electric are in demand at \$49. Deals were made in Hong Kong Telephones at \$61 to \$62. Green Island Cements were booked at \$2.20, closing with buyers at \$2.

Watsons have ruled firm and after sales at \$14.10 the market has advanced to \$144. Hong Kong Ropes have lapsed to a nominal quotation of \$6.80. Dairy Farms are easier and are obtainable at \$21.90. Amusements were negotiated at \$28 early in the week, but close with buyers at \$29 ex the dividend of \$2 just paid. Constructions came to business at \$1.10. Hong Kong Government 6 per cent. Loan continue in request at 6 per cent. premium.

QUEEN'S THEATRE

Farewell Performance

TO-NIGHT
SATURDAY, AUG. 4th.

At 9.20 p.m.

THE
WORLD FAMOUS MAGICIAN

LONG TACK SAM

DIRECT FROM LONDON AND NEW YORK

With his brilliant company of Chinese wonder workers, dancers, acrobats, equilibrist, jugglers, contortionists, gymnasts, and devil workers

INCLUDING THE BEAUTIFUL

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in a full time performance of astonishing acts in a setting of Oriental splendour

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

\$3, \$2 AND \$1.

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MARION DAVIES

IN



With
OWEN MOORE
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ROMANCE
LAUGHS
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QUEEN'S
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.10 & 7.15 Only.
At 9.20 p.m.
LONG TACK SAM



HEAVEN ON EARTH

with
CONRAD NAGEL
and
RENEE ADOREE
The delightful romance of a
scion of wealth and a saucy
gypsy maid!

AT THE
WORLD
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
Orchestra Interpreter
5.15 & 9.20 2.30 & 7.15.

THRILLS and GAIETY!



The story of a girl who threw herself headlong into the midst of a
big city's night life with all its adventures and perils!

AT THE
STAR
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
Continuous 2.30 to 11.15.



Bayer Tablets of Aspirin

Be sure You Take
Bayer Tablets of Aspirin, dissolve them in water. Their
action will be better and stronger. The numerous
warnings on the wrapper have not the same practical effect.
Others, indeed, have been positively harmful, and give rise
to a suspicion of poison.

Bayer Tablets of Aspirin
are harmless. You can recognize the original package by
the Bayer Cross.

Get one tin for trial
Obtainable at all Stores
and Cafeshops.

AN ALUMINIUM SHAKER
GIVEN FREE
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DELICIOUS
HOT or COLD DRINK

Get one tin for trial
Obtainable at all Stores
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Sole Agents: HUI and HUI Co.
(Alexandra Building) Hongkong.

THE NAVY'S CHOICE

Coates'
ORIGINAL

PLYMOUTH GIN

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

HONG KONG AUTOMOBILE
ASSOCIATION.

GRAND TATTOO
11th, 12th & 13th September.

The Automobile Association propose to
organize A MOTOR PARADE on One
of the Evenings during the GRAND
TATTOO.

If Sufficient Entries are forthcoming
Three Prizes will be given by the Association
for the Most Original or Best
Decorated Vehicles in Each of the following
Classes:

1—Cars or Lorries representing
the Trade.

2—Private Cars.

3—Motor Cycles with or without
Side Cars.

A Registration or Entrance Fee of \$1
must accompany All Entries.

ENTRIES WILL CLOSE ON
FRIDAY, 7th SEPTEMBER.

All Communications to be addressed to
O. M. MANNERS,
c/o Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf
& Godown Co., Ltd. [6360]

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MOTOR CARS

WITH

GILMAN'S

"OCEAN" COMPREHENSIVE
POLICY.

Remarkable value in PYJAMAS

Made of fine Cream Cotton
Taffeta with contrast colour
collars and cuffs.

Out very "roomy" giving
perfect comfort in wear.

\$8.50 per suit

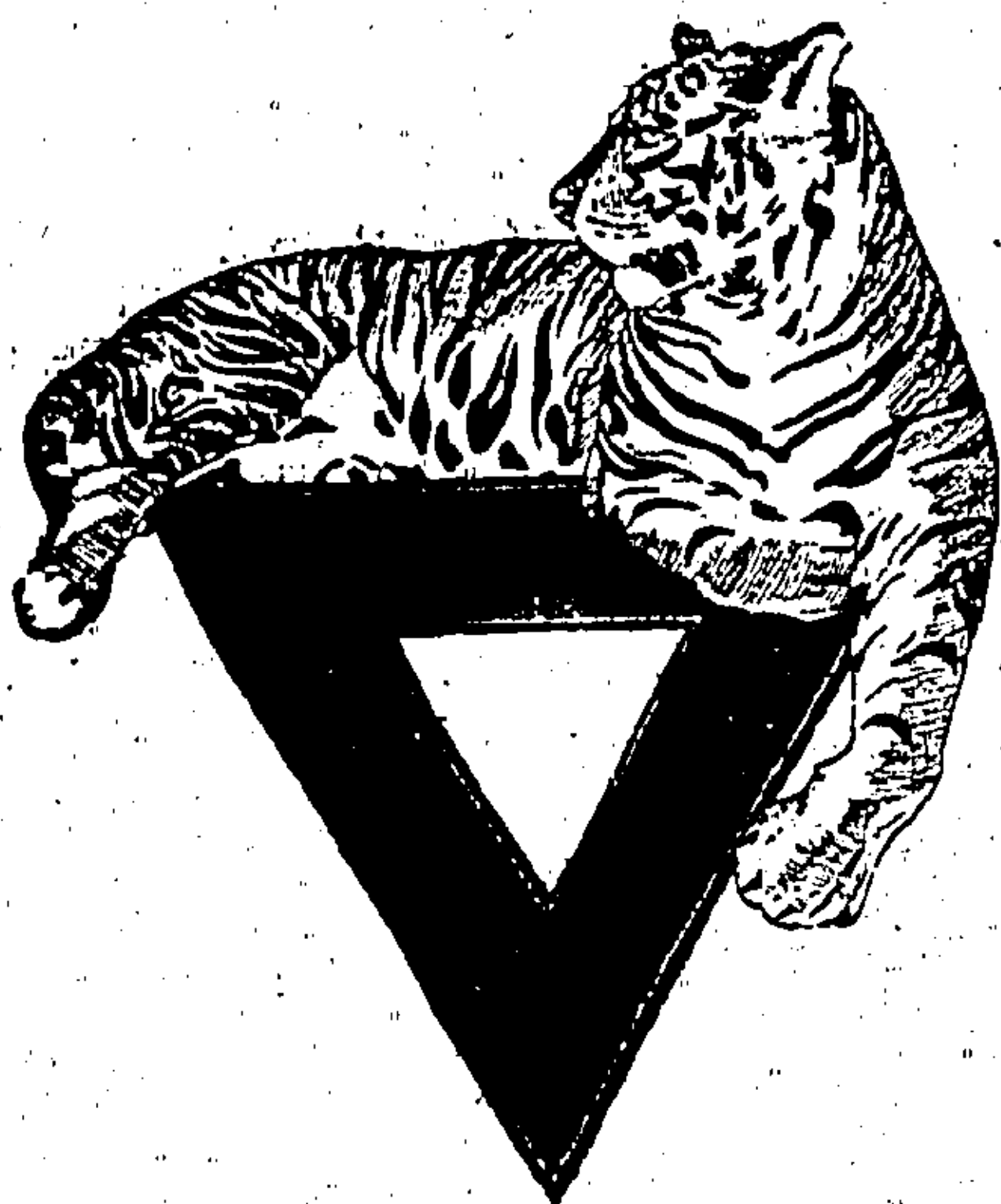
3 Suits for \$23.50

Less 10% Discount for Cash.

BATHROBES—BEDROOM SLIPPERS.

Mackintosh
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD

NOTE CHANGE OF DATE



GRAND TATTOO

HONG KONG.

11th, 12th & 13th September.

Commencing at 8.30 Each Evening.

NOTE CHANGE OF DATE



OPENING AND CLOSING FACILITATED BY

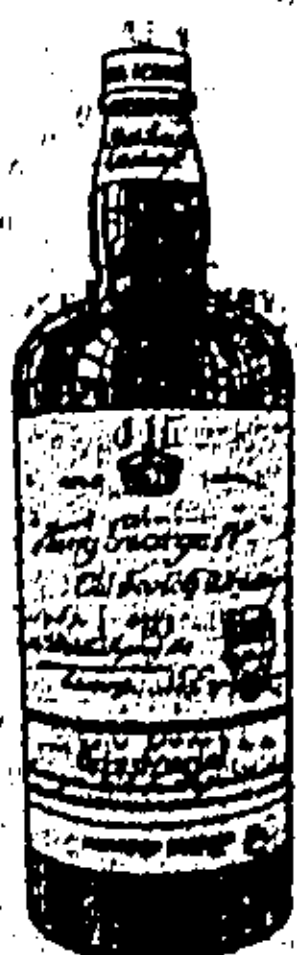
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Simple
Safe &
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No corkscrew necessary

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HONG KONG.

"THE BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT."

FULL JUDGMENT OF THE KENNEDY ROAD CASE.

IDENTIFICATION PARADE RULES SERIOUSLY VIOLATED.

CHIEF JUSTICE'S COMMENTS.

The Full Court of Appeal was filled with members of the legal profession, well-dressed Chinese ladies and gentlemen and quite a number of European business men, when the Chief Justice, Sir Henry Gollan, delivered his judgment yesterday afternoon in the Appeal Case of Rex v. Chung Yu Fan. The Appellant was convicted and sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labour by Major C. Willson, Police Magistrate, for indecent behaviour in front of two European ladies in Kennedy Road on May 21st, at 7.30 p.m. It was against this decision that the Appeal was instituted.

A considerable amount of interest was shown to the case by members of the legal profession in view of the fact that Mr. F. C. Jenkin, Counsel for the Appellant, has severely criticised the methods of the police officers responsible for holding the identification parade in this particular instance, and his Lordship's views on the matter was thus awaited with interest.

In giving the benefit of the doubt to the Appellant, his Lordship said that: "We consider that in this particular case the ladies, at the identification parade he (Sub-Inspr. Rozesky) committed a breach of the rules in a most serious particular which must affect our estimate as to the value of the identification which took place at this particular parade, and cannot help expressing our surprise that experienced police officers should have been parties to the proceedings."

His Lordship then went on to say, "In the circumstances of this case, I have come to the conclusion that I must differ from the decision given by the Police Magistrate, but I differ with some hesitation."

The Appellant was given the benefit of the doubt and discharged.

Mr. F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. F. H. Loseby was for the Appellant, and Mr. H. Somerset Fitzroy, conducted the case for the Crown.

THE JUDGMENT.

This is the rehearing of a case in which Major Willson, Police Magistrate, convicted the appellant of having in Kennedy Road insulted two ladies and sentenced him to one month's imprisonment with hard labour.

There was no dispute as to the offence having been committed on the occasion and at the place named in the charge, but it was strongly argued on behalf of the appellant that he had not been identified, beyond reasonable doubt, as the person who had in fact committed it. Reviewing the facts of the case which have been related at some length the Judge said that the offender "stood on the opposite side of the road to the lamp and there committed the offence, charged; and the ladies passed him and had the opportunity of getting a clear view of him. But in the circumstances alleged it is not surprising to learn that they did not look at him closely. And here I should like to observe that I consider that Mrs. Lea and Mrs. Leppard have shown great and commendable public spirit in coming forward to give evidence on a charge so disagreeable as the present."

Mrs. Lea saw her husband and called to him to come up. They stood a short time there and then noticed a man walking up McDonnell Road, whom the ladies saw was the man who had ridden the cycle and misconducted himself, but on Mrs. Lea asking him whether the cycle was his, the latter said that it was not and disappeared up McDonnell Road.

The ladies had an opportunity of seeing the man:

(a) When he first passed them on his cycle going East along Kennedy Road.

(b) When he passed them on foot after leaving his cycle against the railings.

(c) While he stood opposite the lamp.

(d) When they saw him going up McDonnell Road and Mr. Lea asked him if the cycle was his.

Within two hours of the occurrence Sub-Inspector Smith, Sergt. Flattery, and Li Chau, a detective, appeared on the scene in consequence of a telephone message sent by Mrs. Lea to the Central Police Station. According to Sergt. Flattery the description then given by the two ladies, talking together, was that the man who committed the offence was "short and thick-set, looked like a Japanese and was wearing gaiters," and on cross-examination, he definitely stated that this was the total of the description given by them. The two ladies used the word "gaiters," as did Sergt. Flattery, when they gave evidence before the Police Magistrate, but before this Court, the ladies said that they did not mean gaiters in the ordinary meaning of the word, but mackintosh overalls, and Flattery said that though he understood the two ladies, from the description they gave, to mean overalls, he can understand the mistake in the use of the word by the ladies, but it seems remarkable that though the sergeant must know what gaiters really are, and says he understood from the ladies that they were in fact referring to overalls, that he should have persisted in the use of the word, "gaiters," before the Police Magistrate.

Sergeant Disagrees. Mrs. Lea and Mrs. Leppard both say that they told Sergt. Flattery

that the man was wearing a white shirt; but with this statement the Sergeant disagreed.

When Sub-Inspr. Smith and Sergt. Flattery left the Leas' quarters and returned to the spot where they left Li Chau in charge of the cycle, they found defendant there. He claimed the bicycle as his, and was dressed in a fawn coloured palm beach coat, khaki shirt, and grey trousers; but Flattery says he had neither hat nor tie.

According to the evidence of Li Chau, Defendant had come along Kennedy Road from the East and had claimed the cycle as his but had been told to await the arrival of the European Officers. Li Chau also said that he had first seen Defendant coming from the East when the latter was about 60 feet away.

It is to be observed that neither before the Police Magistrate nor in this Court was Li Chau asked any questions bearing on his statement that he had first seen Defendant approaching the cycle from the East. Defendant when in the witness box gave an explanation of this somewhat curious fact with which I will deal later, but it will be observed that the cycle had been left near the junction of Kennedy and Macdonnell Roads and the fact of the cycle would lead one to expect that the man who left the cycle there would have walked down Macdonnell Road when in search of the cycle.

The Identification Parade.

Next morning—the 22nd May, 1928—at about 11 a.m. there was an Identification Parade held by Assistant Superintendent Kent at which the two ladies distinctly say that they identified Defendant, without hesitation, as the man who had committed the offence.

Assistant Superintendent Kent took down what Mrs. Lea and Mrs. Leppard said in the presence and hearing of Defendant when they identified the latter. Mrs. Lea is stated to have said "From the build and appearance of the suspect, he is the man." I did not see his face."

In cross-examination, Mrs. Lea said that by the words "build and appearance," she meant the same thing, i.e., that the man she saw committing the offence was thick-set. She further admitted that there were on parade two or three other men who were also thick-set; but she maintained that the recognised Defendant as the offender. Mrs. Leppard is recorded as having said "I think from the appearance and build that is the man. It was dark at the time and I could not see his face clearly."

When giving evidence before this Court she stated she could not exactly remember what she said at the parade; but that she must have said something similar to what is recorded. Before this Court she used a different form of words. She said "I saw the outline, appearance and features of the man and recognised him."

In cross-examination she said that by "outline" she meant "build" and that by "appearance" she also meant "build," and that by "build" she meant that the offender was thick-set. By "features" she said she meant face, nose and hair. She went on to explain that when the offender passed her twice on foot as has been described, she got a view of his side face, and that when he was opposite the lamp committing the offence she got a view of his full face; though, as she explained, this last view was not a very prolonged one in the circumstances.

The Importance Attached To It.

Before us she expressed herself very emphatically, as being in a position to recognize the offender if she had met him in the street; but the words taken down by Assistant Superintendent Kent are certainly not emphatic.

It now becomes necessary to consider the circumstances under which this particular Identification Parade was held.

Identification Parades necessarily play a large part in Police procedure, and, if held under proper safeguards, may, and do, furnish very valuable evidence. But it is obvious that they are capable of inducing very serious miscarriages of justice. It is for that reason that certain rules have been laid down for the conduct of parades which ought, in our view, never to be departed from except for the most serious reasons.

For the purpose of recording what takes place on these parades special books are provided; and on the front page of each of them the rules are printed. This fact alone would be sufficient to show the importance attached by the Police Authorities to compliance with these rules; but in addition, with what might at first sight appear an excess of caution, there is a note printed at the bottom of each page of the book in the following terms: "For direction for holding Identification Parades see Front of this Book."

How The Rules Were Violated.

Now it is argued on behalf of Defendant that on the particular Parade in question in these proceedings the rules were violated in certain most important respects.

Rule 1 (c) requires:—

(a) The accused to be placed among at least eight persons who are not to be Police, if possible.

There were only seven persons, including Defendant, paraded. The explanation for this breach of the rules was, to say the least of it, not clear; while, though the other persons were not police officers, they were police clerks.

A Sub-Inspector Rozesky stated that he had endeavoured to obtain persons from the outside to help to form the Parade but, as he quite reasonably explained, it is difficult to induce persons of the class, of Defendant to go to a Police Station for that purpose.

(b) The persons called in should be of similar age, height, general appearance and class of life as the Defendant.

No complaint was made that the persons called in were not of similar age as the Defendant; though as regards height it was stated that at least two of them were considerably taller than Defendant. Complaint was however made that the clothes Defendant wore were such as to point him out as of a class different to the others. They were cotton coats and trousers, while Defendant had on a fawn palm beach coat, striped shirt and collar, crystal buttons and white gaudy trousers. It is at least unfortunate that more was not done to reduce the difference between Defendant and the others caused by the clothes he was wearing. It would have been easy to provide him at least with a coat like the others.

Rule 1 (d) requires: (a) That the witnesses should be called by some person who does not know and has not seen the accused; care being taken that the constable who has made the arrest should not be sent to call the witnesses.

This requirement seems to us to be of vital importance and should be strictly adhered to, both in the letter and in the spirit. The dangers that arise from a breach of it are obvious. Perhaps almost as serious consequences would arise from the destruction of public confidence in the scrupulous fairness which should be shown to prisoners that must occur, if it became known that this particular provision of the rules is ever departed from.

S/Insp. Rozesky At Fault.

Now the evidence before us is that Sub-Inspector Rozesky who was the officer in charge of the case and knew the defendant well, and was present when A.S.P. Kent lined the men up for the parade went up to his office after the parade was formed and brought down first Mrs. Lea and then Mrs. Leppard, to the parade. He stood by while they were engaged in the identification of the defendant. We consider that in this personally conducting the ladies he committed a breach of the rules in a most serious particular which must affect our estimate as to the value of the identification which took place at this particular parade, and cannot help expressing our surprise that experienced police officers should have been parties to the proceedings.

(b) That the witness identifying an accused should touch him. This was not done on this occasion.

A Complete Denial.

The defendant gives a complete denial to the charge. He states that on May 21st, 1928, after having had his evening meal as usual with his father and some other relatives from the former's shop in 62 Bonham Strand West, he left the shop at 6.30 p.m. This amounts to a denial of the charge. His Lordship proceeded to repeat the story as told by the defendant, pointing out in parts where it was corroborated by his wife, after which he said it was obvious that if the defendant's story was believed he could not be

(Continued on next Column).

THE LATE MR. C. R. CRISPIN.

HIS ESTATE IN COLONY.

The late Mr. Charles Robert Crispin, retired shipwright and formerly of Hong Kong, left estate in the Colony valued at \$1,700. He died at No. 14, Budock Terrace, Falmouth, in the county of Cornwall, on March 1st, 1928.

Polate of the late Mr. Crispin's will has been granted to Mr. D. J. Lewis, of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, who is the attorney of Mrs. Minnie Carter Crispin, widow, at present residing at No. 28, Budock Terrace, Falmouth, Cornwall. Two executors were mentioned in the will—Mr. Lionel Edwin Paine, and Mr. James Dixon—the latter having renounced probate.

the person who committed the offence as he was away from the scene between 7 p.m. and a little after 8.15 p.m. when the time of the offence, according to the prosecution was 7.30 p.m.

The Crown argues that the witnesses are interested and should not be believed; and further states that another very material piece of evidence given by them should also be disbelieved.

Defendant says that he went to his father's shop on the morning of May 21st, 1928, dressed in a fawn coloured palm beach coat, a khaki shirt and grey trousers and wearing a white topie. His father confirms this statement and goes on to add that defendant was in the same clothes when the latter left the shop, at about 8.30 p.m.

Defendant's wife states that he was thus clad when she met him at the junction of Kennedy and Garden Roads at about 7 p.m., and that when he left the house at about 8.15 p.m. to get his cycle he was similarly clad. The stepmother corroborated this statement.

The prosecution argues that defendant had an opportunity of changing his clothes, when he went home after leaving his father's shop, that he must have done so or he could not have been wearing the clothes which Mrs. Lea and Mrs. Leppard said they saw him in at 7.30 p.m. Also that the story of the defendant, his wife, and his stepmother in this respect is false and should not be accepted.

Defendant Disbelieved.

There is certainly a matter in which I do disbelieve the defendant which tends to make us doubt his story where it comes into conflict with the evidence offered on behalf of the Crown.

Defendant says that after leaving No. 33 Robinson Road at junction of Kennedy and Garden Roads he then proceeded East along the former. He says that he did not find his cycle where he had parked it by St. George's Hotel and walked on, looking neither to the left nor to the right; and not having found the cycle he turned back and then saw it, on the North side of the road in a place where he could see the cycle very clearly because it was fairly light, being within eight feet of a lamp.

In my opinion this explanation was an afterthought. He had not appreciated the importance of Li Chau's evidence until it was brought out in the course of the hearing before us; and seeing the point that might be made against him he gives an explanation which, neither in its substance nor in its manner or giving it, has satisfied us of its truthfulness.

Another point which affects the defence is that the defendant did not tell his story when first taken to the Central Police Station.

He says that he felt the charge against him would go on, and he preferred to keep his story until he was before the Police Magistrate. It is undoubtedly the right of an accused person to do this, but I have more than once called attention to the great assistance it is to a defendant for him to be able to say that on the first opportunity he had he gave an account which agrees substantially with that given at his trial.

The Benefit Of The Doubt.

The facts to which I have called attention show that there are serious elements in this case which have not been altogether satisfactorily met by the defence but it must always be remembered that the onus of proving the guilt of an accused beyond reasonable doubt is on the Crown.

In the circumstances of this case I have come to the conclusion that I must differ from the decision given by the Police Magistrate but I differ with some hesitation.

It must, be observed, however, that the case was not fully gone into before him as it was in this Court, and in particular he did not have before him the detailed statement of what occurred at the identification parade, a matter which has seriously affected my view of the facts of the case. I have given the most careful consideration possible to those facts and have come to the conclusion that the onus which is upon the Crown of bringing home the charge beyond reasonable doubt has not been discharged and that I am bound to give the benefit of the doubt to the defendant.

The decision of the Police Magistrate must, therefore, be reversed, and the defendant discharged.

PUISNE JUDGE CONCURS.

Mr. Justice P. Jackson: I concur.



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THE DROUGHT.

DRIEST JULY SINCE 1889.

0.133 INCHES OF RAIN IN 17 DAYS.

Figures supplied by the Royal Observatory show the seriousness of the drought that has existed in the Colony since July 17th. A "speck of rain" was recorded on four days but the total rainfall in the 17 days between July 17th and August 2nd has been only 0.133 inches.

The rainfall for July this year was 4.78 inches or only 0.21 inch greater than in 1889, the lowest on record.

The rainfall since July 16th has been as follows:—

July	17th	Inch.
"	18th	—
"	19th	—
"	20th	0.070
"	21st	0.023
"	22nd	0.020
"	23rd	—
"	24th	—
"	25th	—
"	26th	—
"	27th	—
"	28th	—
"	29th	—
"	30th	—
"	31st	—
August	1st	0.020
"	2nd	—
Total		0.133

Previous Records For July.

Some interesting figures are also given of other serious droughts in the month of July.

The drought of July 1889 to which reference has already been made lasted from the 2nd to the 18th, no rain falling during that period.

In 1905 there was a drought of 13 days and the following year a drought of 14 days. In 1910 from July 6th to August 2nd only 1.49 inches fell (between July 15th and 30th). This was the most severe July drought on record.

In this month two periods of drought were recorded, from the 6th to the 17th and again from the 20th to the 2nd of August. The rainfall for the month was, however, 13.90 inches but of this only 1.49 inches fell during the short break in the weather following the 18th of the month.

In 1916 there was an interval of 18 days, 18 hours, from the 10th to the 28th during which the total rainfall was 0.275 inch.

In 1919 there was a drought from the 8th to the 26th—the exact interval being 17 days, 14 hours. The rainfall for the whole month reached, however, the respectable total of 19.43 inches.

Last Year.

In July 1927 there were 17.735 inches of rain and in July 1928, 20.790 inches. August 1927 had a fall of 20.905 inches.

Pumping began from Tytam last month whereas usually it is not necessary until October.

So far we have had over 50 inches of rain this year which is above the average.

CANTON'S CINEMAS.

THE STRIKE CONTINUES.

INSOLENT AND INSUBORDINATE EMPLOYEES.

PROPRIETORS' VIEW OF THE TROUBLE.

(FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.)

CANTON, August 3rd.

The cinemas in Canton are still on strike for reasons already published in our columns. The strike has been going on for nearly two months and there is no sign of a settlement between the union workers and the Government tax farmers. Both sides refuse to give way. The union workers are still in occupation of the cinema houses, making these premises their quarters. They refuse to be discharged and say that according to agreements between them and their employers, they are still employed. The Government tax farmers are equally unyielding.

The proprietors have closed their businesses sooner than run under conditions sanctioned by the regulations. Many of them put up sign boards stating: "What's the use of carrying on business when you haven't the power to hire or discharge your workmen?" "We have been intolerably oppressed; we don't know when we shall open again." "We sacrifice business rather than operate under such conditions," and we have appealed to the Government to do justice in this matter.

One proprietor of a cinema on Wing Hon Maloo, in an interview with our representative to-day, said that the dispute is deep-rooted and far-reaching. Business was running smoothly until the cinematic operators began to join the Mechanics Labour Union and presented a set of demands to the proprietors. "We proprietors didn't mind the cinematic operators joining the Labour Union," he said, "but as soon as they joined they got the janitors, ticket sellers, story explainers, errand boys and every employee of the premises to join as well. These people are absolutely ignorant of mechanical appliances and the only reason why the operators got them to join the Union was because they wanted to strengthen the Union and press their demands on their employers. There is no reason whatever why these ticket sellers and errand boys should join the Mechanics Union."

"After they had joined the Union, they became very insolent. The ticket sellers admitted their friends and relatives without payment and when protest was made they declared that their employers had no authority over them. When you are in such a predicament, without power in your own house, the only thing is to close down and quit."

"Another contributory cause for the strike," he continued, "was the mode of collecting Government taxes by the Shing Ping Company. The Shing Ping Company had made an agreement with the cinema by which they received \$30,000 annually from them. A certain portion of this money was turned over to the Government for educational expenses. The Company now wants to cancel its agreement and collect money according to the number of tickets sold. As soon as the Company did this, the Union imposed a tax of one cent per ticket sold, which was supposed to be used for Union expenses. Repeated negotiations for the abolition of this taxation brought no result. Hence we resorted to the last and the only remedy—closing up our business."

Asked whether the matter had been brought to the attention of the Government, the proprietor said "yes." The Municipal Finance Bureau called a meeting last Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, in which many proprietors were present. The Shing Ping Co. also sent a representative. The Bureau tried to mediate and urged the proprietors to pay \$40,000 per year to the Shing Ping Co. the mode of levying it to be decided by the proprietors themselves. "This will do away," he said, "with the appropriation of the ticket basis, as proposed by the Company, but means an increase of \$12,000 per year. This the proprietors would not agree to, declaring that it is entirely too much. They were willing, however, to increase their payment to \$30,000 per year, which is an addition of \$5,000 to what they had been paying. But the Bureau would not give way, so the meeting was adjourned without reaching any result. The representative of the Shing Ping Co. also declared that he had no authority to agree to such a proposal of the Bureau without first consulting with the trustees of the Company."

Meanwhile the public has been deprived of its "movies" and as a result the native opera houses are doing better business than ever before. The public parks are also packed in the evening.

CANTON IN DARKNESS.

ELECTRIC LIGHT FAILURE.

FOR FOUR HOURS FOR THE LAST FIVE NIGHTS.

(FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.)

CANTON, Aug. 3rd.

Canton's electric lighting system is giving trouble. For the last five nights, from about 6 to 10.30, the greater part of the city has been in darkness. Our representative has not been able to find out any reason for this, but it is thought to be due to engine trouble at the power house. This failure of the electric lighting has caused a great inconvenience to merchants, residents and, most of all, to the night editors and proof readers of the numerous newspapers on Tai Tsoi Po, who have been forced to work by kerosene lamps. The police are also making complaints saying that they have to be much more vigilant during these dark hours.

Owing to this unreliability of the electric lighting system, the Municipal Bureau of Public Utilities has sent Mr. Li Lu Tak to the office of the Canton Electric Co. to inquire into the cause of the trouble. The Company has been sharply warned that it has got to produce "juice" during the hours when it is needed. But whether they can comply depends more on the state of affairs inside the power house than the most urgent Government orders.

MR. INSTONE BREWER SUE.

ASKS FOR CASE TO BE HEARD IN SEPTEMBER.

When the case in which Mr. Robert Simmons is suing Mr. Instone Brewer, of the Instone Banking Corporation, for \$407 was called at the Summary Court yesterday morning before Mr. Justice P. Jacks, Mr. C. A. S. Ruse, representing the defendant, said that Mr. Brewer was leaving the Colony on August 8th to pay a visit to America. Mr. Brewer, he added, would be returning to Hong Kong on about September 25th, and asked Lordship to fix a date for hearing after September 25th.

Mr. D. L. Strellett, who appeared for the plaintiff, said that that was the first he knew of the defendant's impending departure. It would therefore be necessary for him to obtain further instructions from his client. He, however, asked for immediate discovery of certain letters.

Mr. Ruse said that Mr. Strellett must know that the defendant had important business reasons for going to America.

Mr. Strellett: I am afraid I don't know.

The case was adjourned for a week, his Lordship giving permission to the plaintiff to apply if necessary.

LADIES AT LAW!

ALL OUT OF THE COLONY.

A case mentioned at the Summary Court yesterday morning before Mr. Justice P. Jacks had a novel feature in that the plaintiff, her chief witness, and the defendant were all away from the Colony. As Mr. Ruse put it "they are all out of the Colony."

The action concerned Mabel Durham who claimed from Madame Chiffon for the sum of \$663.11. Mr. C. E. L. Grist was for the plaintiff and the defendant was represented by Mr. C. A. S. Ruse.

Mr. Ruse explained to the Court that unfortunately the defendant had left the Colony for a few weeks. He was however instructed to ask for particulars and an adjournment for a week.

Mr. Ruse added that he had also noticed that the plaintiff was a person who had no residence in the Colony and was suing by some attorneys. "She seems to be roving round on the President Jefferson, and I must ask for security for costs."

Mr. Grist consented to give the necessary security, but added that Mr. T. B. Wilson, General Agent of the Dollar Steamship Line, who was the chief witness in the case, was also leaving the Colony the next day. He therefore applied for his evidence to be taken before the Registrar. This was agreed to and the case was adjourned for a week.

THE PORTUGUESE VOLUNTEERS.

C.S.M. RODRIGUES TO BECOME C.O.

COLONEL BIRD'S CALL FOR RECRUITS.

LAST NIGHT'S ENJOYABLE CONCERT.

There was a very good attendance at the variety entertainment given last night at the Club de Recreio by the Portuguese Company of the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps. The Commanding Officer of the Corps, Lieut.-Col. L. G. Bird, D.S.O., and the Adjutant, Major B. A. Wolfe-Murray, D.S.O., M.C., were among those present, and they brought with them a large party including a number of ladies.

Lt.-Col. Bird's Congratulations.

During the interval Lieut.-Col. Bird made the interesting announcement that Company-Sergeant-Major Rodrigues was to be given commissioned rank after going through the necessary course of training and would be placed in command of the company. Colonel Bird had some very complimentary things to say about the smartness and efficiency of the company, but what he wanted to see was its numbers brought out to 250, instead of the present 120. A special appeal was made to young men present to "come and join the army."

The Concert.

As regards the programme quite a feature of the evening were the numbers given by the Aloha Serenaders—about fifteen of them—who sang extremely well to their own accompaniment on Hawaiian instruments. The stage had been very effectively decorated and both scene and temperature were in harmony with the island music. Miss Betty Tavares, who was accompanied by the Serenaders made a great hit with her singing and dancing. The Pacific Islands were also represented when Tony Rocha and Mr. Art. Baptista gave their "Honolulu Hula Girl" Duet.

The comic element was provided by Mr. J. M. Abraham, who is always in request at these functions and capital numbers were given by Master F. W. Abraham (violin) and Miss Margie Tavares with her song "Red Riding Hood."

Last, but very far from least, the Sociedade Philharmonica, that five orchestra which Mr. S. Piana conducted, gave three extremely good numbers, "Queen of Autumn" (Carl Biggs), "Aida" Selection (Verdi) and Nortune (Ignace Krzyzanowski).

The second part of programme consisted of an amusing and well acted "unmusical absurdity," "The Taiipo's Own Borderers—Place, anywhere in China. Time, any time."

The cast was as follows:—

Capt. Jimmy Littlejohn, R.I.P., R.S.V.P., Mr. Jimmy Remedios, (O.C. Independent Co. Taiipo's Own Borderers).

Sergt.-Major Bob Eastlake, B.V.D. (Mr. M. F. Baptista).

Sergt. Popsy McGrath (Mr. V. M. Xavier).

Corpl. Alec McGhee (Mr. F. P. Sequeira).

Pte. Solomon Lipidsky (Mr. C. A. Cunha).

Pte. Samuel Brown (Mr. A. M. Xavier).

Pte. James Cook (Mr. G. d'Aquino).

Pte. George King (Mr. C. F. Osmund).

Pte. Michael Cassidy (Mr. A. P. Eca Silva).

Pte. Buck Jones (Mr. J. C. Remedios).

Pte. Pat Murphy (Mr. E. Alves).

Pte. Pato Larrigan (Mr. M. A. Baptista).

Pte. Mike O'Toole (Mr. A. L. Mills).

Accompanists:—Messrs. R. D. Baptista and J. C. Remedios.

WING ON FRAUD CASE.

STARTLING PROSECUTION EVIDENCE.

BOOKS PRINTED IN CANTON?

Fok Chung Yuen, the Chinese who is appearing on a charge of alleged conspiracy in 1926 to defraud the Wing On Company of \$50,000 was again before Mr. R. E. Lindell at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Inspector Fallon gave evidence of the arrest of accused in February, 1928. Witness also described certain documents bearing Chinese characters which were found at the defendant's house. Witness also arrested Au Kim Lui, one of the two Chinese who were convicted and sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

Asked to Act As An Attorney.

A witness named Chan Sam said that he knew the defendant and was approached by Au Kim Lui to act as Attorney for Au in an action against the Wing On Company for \$50,000. Witness said that he accompanied the defendant and Au to Messrs. Wilkinson & Grist where they saw Mr. Hugh Jones, but ultimately nothing was drawn up. Witness was to receive 15 per cent. of the proceeds should the action be decided in favour of Au. He had discussed the question of the action with Lum Fuk Chiu, who was sentenced on the same count. Lum told him that they intended to defraud the Wing On Company by means of a forged deposit book! He said they knew that \$50,000 was deposited with the Company, and that a book was forged by means of which the money—\$50,000 was withdrawn.

Made In Canton.

Mr. Somerset Fitzroy, who prosecuted for the Crown, asked witness if he had been told how the forged book was printed. Witness replied that he was told that the book was made in Canton.

False Chops.

Witness also said that false chops were made and used.

In answer to questions relating to the financing of the action, witness said that he understood from Lam that \$4,000 had been paid to the lawyers. Witness did not actually see the defendant or anybody else make this payment.

Witness declared that the defendant had informed him that \$50,000 had been drawn from the Bank of East Asia, Ltd., and placed to the credit of the Wing On Company. He was not told how this money came to be deposited in the name of Kwong Cheong, nor did he know who deposited the money.

Witness Cross-Examined.

Mr. H. G. Sheldon, for the defence, questioned witness as to his position and occupation at the time of the alleged fraud. Witness said that he was formerly employed as Secretary of Messrs. Lyson & Co. and travelled to Europe on their behalf to obtain agencies for their firm. On his return the firm closed down and he started import and export business of his own. He still had a small branch at Wuchow but the business was not paying satisfactorily.

He knew Lam Fuk Chiu from 1908 to 1910 but had little connection with him since then. He understood that his father was a rich man and that he lived on his father's money. He could not say whether Lam had any means of his own but remarked that he gambled on a large scale and appeared to have plenty of ready cash.

Mr. Sheldon: You never suspected him of having obtained this money by other than honest means?

Witness: Yes, I did suspect him because I knew that he had served a term of imprisonment in connection with a forgery case whereby he received a sum of money of over \$1,000 from Messrs. Hastings & Hastings.

As regards Au Kim Lui, witness said that he was introduced to him by the defendant.

Mr. Sheldon: Did he appear to be a man of substance?

Witness: I couldn't say whether he had money or not, but he lived in a cubicle.

Pressed, witness replied that he could not say whether any man was rich or poor from his appearance.

Mr. Sheldon again questioned witness as to his own means and business. Witness said that he was not "hard up" because his business had not been satisfactory as he had private means of his own. He owned houses and farming sites at Stanley which had been handed down to him from his fore-fathers. From this he derived an income of \$180 to \$200.

\$3 A Month Rent!

Questioned in respect to the monthly rent which his tenants paid, witness said he understood that the Stanley tenants paid \$3 rent monthly! He owned some forty to fifty houses the rent of which varied from 10 cents to \$10. He could not tell of hand his exact income but said he could produce the receipts to prove it.

Mr. Sheldon replied that he was not attempting to "catch" him but merely wished to know a few facts of the private means of the witness.

The Magistrate adjourned the case until Tuesday morning.

A WIFE FOR \$90.

DAUGHTER SOLD TO ENGAGE SOLICITOR.

ANOTHER "FLYING WHITE PIGEON" CASE.

A young Chinese tailor, apparently a Lothario in his own way, bought a wife for \$90. He found married life very pleasant but after twenty-six days he returned home one evening to find that the bird had flown. Feeling his loss and disappointment deeply, he took himself to the Police Station. The police duly sympathized and investigated the affair, with the result that two Chinese women and a man were arraigned before the Kowloon Magistrate yesterday on a charge of having "flown the white pigeon," that is to say, they were charged with having obtained money from the tailor by means of a trick, to wit, selling a woman as a wife, obtaining the money, and after some days, taking her away.

How They Met.

The bereaved husband, in his evidence, said that on or about June 14th, a Chinese woman went to him and told him that a young and charming girl was on the look-out for a husband. She asked the tailor whether he would be willing to take this opportunity. She added that the young lady would be pleased to have such a good and handsome man as her husband. The woman so flattered and coaxed the young man that he said he would willingly marry the young girl.

A meeting was arranged the next day, and the prospective bridegroom was taken by the match-maker to an open field in Kowloon, where the young lady was pointed out to him. She was standing demurely with another woman, and the green foliage of the trees and the grass, forming the background, certainly made her look very charming.

The Rift In The Lute.

They talked over the preliminaries and eventually settled with the match-maker that \$90 to be paid for the young woman. This money was handed to the other woman with the girl who represented herself as the sister of the bride.

The tailor parted with his money and brought home in return his new bride of whom he became very fond. Then came the rift in the lute. After 26 days of happiness, he returned home one evening, after a day's strenuous work. He walked into a silent and dark room, called out, and getting no answer he became anxious. After searching high and low, he remembered that there was such a thing as "flying the white pigeon" in China. Little by little he became more convinced he had been cheated, and went to the Police Station.

Selling A Daughter.

Mr. Hin Shing Lo appeared in Court yesterday to defend the woman who had represented herself as the sister to the "pigeon." He asked his Worship to fix bail, and when this was put at \$100, Mr. Hin Shing Lo suggested that the charge against his client was not serious. She was only accused of having received the money, and he could produce evidence to show that the money was actually given back to the pigeon.

Mr. Lo further added that his client had just sold her daughter in order to get the money to engage legal assistance.

The Magistrate listened to Mr. Lo's appeal with sympathy and reduced the bail to \$10 in the case of Mr. Lo's client. The other two were allowed bail in the sum of \$100.

Further evidence will be heard on Tuesday next.

ZIONISM IN CHINA.

PROPOSED NATIONAL HOME FOR JEWS.

An opportunity to build a Jewish national home in China to supplant or supplement the Zionist homeland in Palestine has been offered, says the *Daily Express*, to a Zionist now on a mission to Peking to secure the legalization of Zionist fund-collecting in China.

The Minister of Interior at Peking, according to reports just received from there, misunderstood the object of this Zionist delegate's mission. He thought the Zionists desired to purchase land in China for the settlement of Jews there. He was prepared to consider a special treaty if the Zionists would indicate the approximate area they would require and the site of the proposed homeland. The director of the department concerned was in the midst of drafting the agreement when the Zionist delegate had the painful duty of informing them that what he wanted was for the Jews in China to be allowed to finance Zionist colonies in Palestine. With the assistance of the British Minister at Peking the authority was finally secured.

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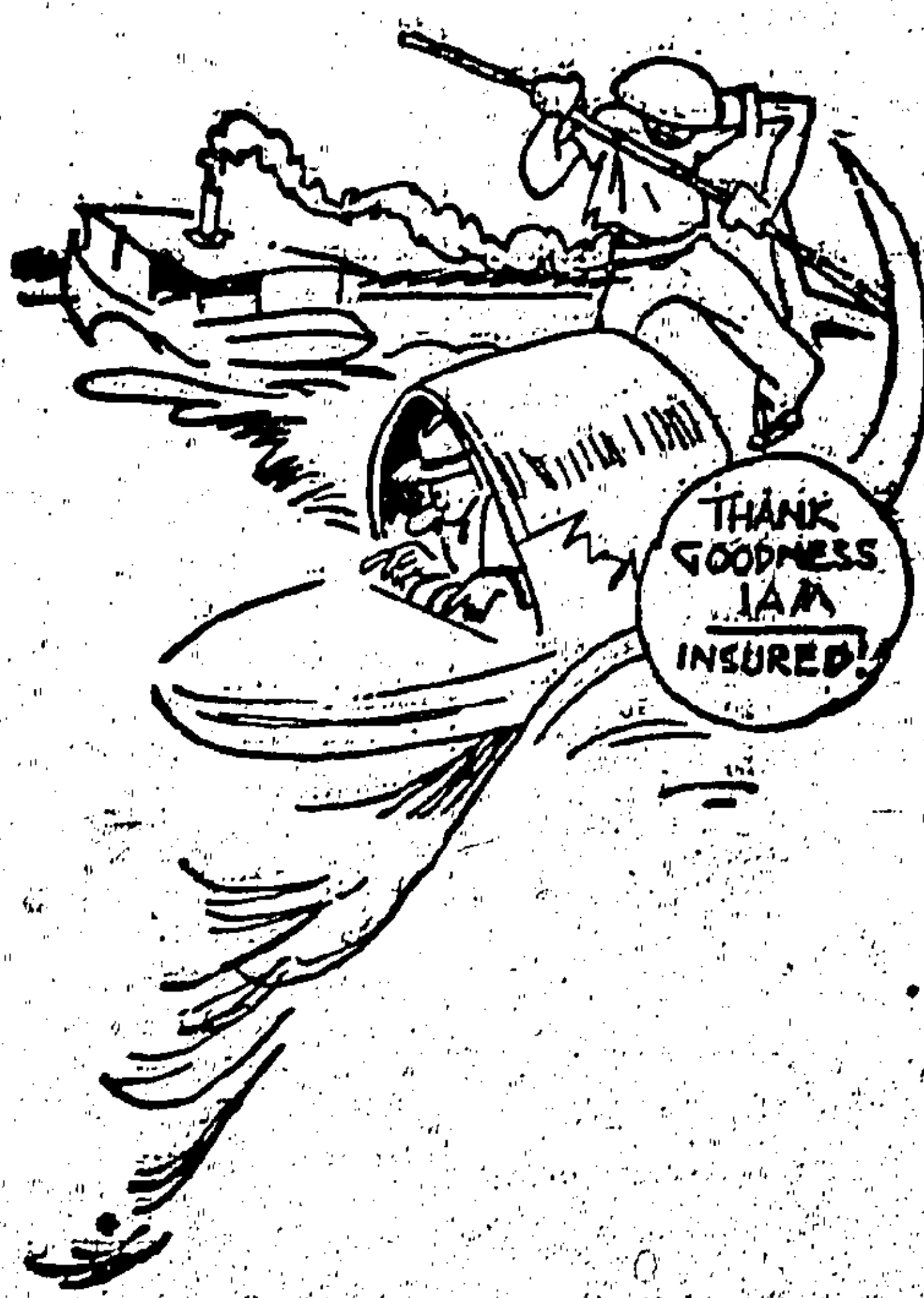
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.
NOTICE.

ON MONDAY, the 5th AUGUST, 1928, All Departments will be CLOSED.
The Hong Kong Dispensary, Dispensing Department, will be OPEN for Dispensing Prescriptions from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. and from 2 P.M. to 7.30 P.M.
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hong Kong, 3rd Aug., 1928. [6571]

BANK HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the TRANSACTION of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY, the 5th AUGUST, 1928.
Hong Kong, 3rd July, 1928. [6563]

NOTICE.

WE have pleasure in announcing Our Appointment by the CELOTEX COMPANY, Chicago, as their SOLE AGENTS for Hong Kong, MACAO and SOUTH CHINA, for the Sale of CELOTEX INSULATING LUMBER.
Ample Stocks are at present en route, and Full Particulars may be had on Application.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. [6567]

THE ROYAL HONG KONG GOLF CLUB.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the above Club will be held at the Registered Office of the Club, YORK BUILDING, on the 14th DAY of AUGUST, 1928, at 5.15 O'CLOCK in the AFTERNOON when the following resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution:

"That the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting (a Copy whereof may be seen at the Club's Registered Office) and for the purpose of Identification subscribed by the Captain thereof be and that same are hereby approved and that such regulations be and they are hereby adopted as the Articles of the Club in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, all existing Articles thereof."

And NOTICE IS HEREBY also GIVEN that a further EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the above Club will be held at the Registered Office of the Club, YORK BUILDING, on the 30th DAY of AUGUST, 1928, at 5.15 O'CLOCK in the AFTERNOON for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Proceedings of the above mentioned Meeting, and of confirming, if thought fit, a Special Resolution of the above mentioned resolution.

Dated the Third day of August, 1928.
By Order of the Committee,
B. O. BLAKER,
Acting Secretary. [6570]

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Sixty Cents Per Share has been declared. Payable on WEDNESDAY, 22nd AUGUST NEXT, on and after which Date Dividend Warrants may be obtained upon Application at the REGISTERED OFFICE of the Company, CANAL ROAD EAST, BOWENSTOWN, HONG KONG.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the REGISTER of MEMBERS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, 5th AUGUST, to TUESDAY, 21st AUGUST, 1928, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
L. C. F. BELLAMY,
General Manager.
Hong Kong, 30th July, 1928. [6566]

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned Certificates for 300 Shares in this Company, standing in the Name of JOHN MACNAB, Deceased, late of 2, GLENCAIRN DRIVE, POLLOCKSHIELDS, GLASGOW, have been LOST, and if at the Expiration of One Month from the Date hereof the following Share Certificates be not forthcoming, Other Certificates for the Said Shares will be issued by the Company and thereafter No Other will be acknowledged—

Shares.	No.
Certificate for	15 4823-4836
"	15 4837-4850
"	20 7030-7049
"	50 22154-22203
"	50 55357-55408
"	75 73572-73646
"	75 110177-110251
300 Shares.	

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hong Kong, 18th July, 1928. [6514]

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INTIMATIONS.

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TO BE LET OR SOLD—Commodious BUNGALOW at MAGANIN GAY, near MOTOR ROAD, Good Garden. Private Garage—Apply. Box No 6273, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6573]

TO LET.—Furnished, Four Room FLATS, at 16, MACDONNELL ROAD, with Modern Conveniences. For Particulars, Apply: XAVIER BROS., 2, QUEEN'S ROAD. Tel. C. 3216 or C. 2722. [6492]

FRONT PORTION of SHOP TO LET, Central Position, Suitable for Milliner or Dress Maker, Moderate Rental.—Apply: "L." c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6463]

REQUIRED by Old Established British Firm EUROPEAN LADY as SALESWOMAN on REPRESENTATIVE INITIATIVE. Personality and Business Ability Essential. Salary and Commission. Good Prospects.—Reply: Box No. 6373, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6573]

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Tel. C. 5009.

Hong Kong Office: 11, Ice House Street.
London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

Hong Kong, August 4th, 1928.

BRITISH FOREIGN POLICY.

SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN'S review of British foreign policy suggests many thorns that beset the way of the seeker for peace. Peace is a vital necessity for Britain; we simply cannot afford another war and freedom from any serious form of foreign menace is essential for the success of the big social movements now in progress at Home under an insistent pressure of popular demand. Perhaps other nations' trade upon their knowledge of these facts for there seems little disposition to forego the ancient habit of twisting the lion's tail whenever opportunity offers. While aggression is certainly to be avoided in our foreign policy a policy of weak and unconsidered concession is the last thing likely to achieve that which everyone desires.

SIR AUSTEN intimated that our present policy towards Egypt was to be continued. The peace of the world would not be furthered if Britain were to retire from Egypt, leaving the destinies of that country to a Government that inspires no confidence in its ability either to preserve order or to resist the temptation to exploit in one way or another the potentialities for financial and political intrigue arising from control of the Suez Canal. The maintenance of British power in India and her position in the Far East are equally important foundations of peace and security. If Britain were to embark upon a policy of territorial magnanimity of the kind that her critics are fond of suggesting the resultant scramble would soon see a world war for the pickings.

Britain, and all the great powers, have shown a very commendable readiness to accept the Kellogg Treaty, but SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN made it plain that this pact was of psychological rather than practical importance. It accepts the theory of peace, but it is of less significance than the solid achievements of the Locarno Treaty and the Treaties involved in the

INTIMATIONS.



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League of Nations Covenant. Mr. KELLOGG'S Treaty cannot but call to mind that America's share in the struggle to build up a machinery capable of settling international disputes has been theoretical rather practical during the last ten years. The League of Nations would be in a very different position to-day had America not reversed President WILSON'S promises of support and co-operation. America's action weakened the League and set up a fashion for withdrawal and threats of withdrawal. But European diplomacy has proved equal to the strain and no one denies the share that successive British Foreign Ministers have contributed to the survival and growth of the League until now there is a possibility of America resuming her place in what is still the great international council of the world.

This is certainly to be wished for and the first gesture of approach has met with a generous response, and a tacit recognition of the difficulties that prevented America from playing the role that President WILSON foreshadowed.

In his attitude towards China SIR AUSTEN also made it clear that Britain was not prepared to accept protestations of goodwill in exchange for a settlement of the Nanking incident. The British Labour Party, as in the days when it made a special pet of Mr. EVANS CHAMBERLAIN, is always ready to accept correct sentiments from the most doubtful sources at their face value, but the Foreign Secretary was decidedly cautious in his attitude towards Nanking. It is well for China, and other nations

to realise that though Britain is urgently seeking for peace and conciliation in all directions this is not a factor to bank upon when advancing demands for which there is no justification. A feeble British Empire would be a constant source of temptation to ambitious states and it is well for them to realise that a desire to end war does not mean inability to defend legitimate interests.

SIR CECIL CLEMENTI.

THERE have been rumours in the Colony for a month past that SIR CECIL CLEMENTI would not return to Hong Kong, but was destined for some diplomatic appointment, that of British Minister in Peking being mentioned. It is often difficult to trace such rumours to their source but in this case they probably arose from a paragraph contributed by a gossip writer to the *Evening Standard* when SIR CECIL arrived in England on holiday. Reference was made to SIR CECIL CLEMENTI'S profound knowledge of the Chinese language and literature and the suggestion was thrown out that His Excellency would make an Admirable Minister to China. No news has been received in official circles in Hong Kong regarding a probable new appointment for SIR CECIL. As far as is known His Excellency will return to the Colony at the conclusion of his leave toward the end of the year.

The orchestra of the a.s. *President Cleveland* will render a programme of "jazz" music on Monday evening at 9 o'clock at the Craigmower Cricket Club.

The proprietor of the Shing Keo Dairy Farm, Kowloon City, has reported to the police that a *foxi* has been missing from the shop since Tuesday. The man is alleged to have collected \$32 from customers by means of a stolen chop, and to have also taken 30 bottles of milk with him when he left.

The Wah Yan Old Boys' Association has sent a Ping Pong team to play the Canton Y.M.C.A. The team consists of the Colony's best players and includes: Ng Tai Ping (Colony's champion), Ng Tin Fong, Wong Mo Ping, Chan Ying Ting, Tan Ying Fook, Ma Wing Hon, Lai Pui Lam, Kwan Yim Chor, Au-yung Chung.

On Monday, August 6th, the G.P.O. and Branch Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. There will be one collection from the pillar boxes and one delivery of ordinary correspondence as on Sundays, and also one delivery of registered correspondence at 9 a.m. The money order office will be entirely closed.

The question of murder or suicide is puzzling the O.I.D. officials in the case of a Chinese who was found dead at the junction of Hang Lok Street and Nelson Street, Mongkok. A long knife had been driven right through the abdomen causing death. The scene is suggestive of murder, but the fact that the dead man's hand was clasped round the hilt of the knife points to suicide; he may, on the other hand, have been trying to pull out the knife when he died.

Tonight at 9.30 in the Queen's Theatre Long Tack Sam and his clever troupe of Chinese wonder workers will give their farewell performance. Long Tack Sam, among many things, is a magician, conjurer, and acrobat of renown. In addition he is also a clever comedian, and his ability at cross talk has helped him in some measure in winning world wide fame. The *Mimes Mi No* and *Nes Sa Long*, the two beautiful daughters of the artist, headed a large supporting company of versatile players, and will be seen to in a number of the latest song and dance items. Admission is at the prices of \$3, \$2 and \$1, and booking at the Queen's Theatre.

Sir Laurence and Lady Guillemard and Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Looker were among the guests of Mrs. Neville Chamberlain at an "at home" on July 10th.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Royal Hong Kong Golf Club is to be held on the 14th of the month, to consider resolutions changing the Articles of the Club.

Another case of dangerous cycling came before Mr. R. E. Lindell yesterday morning when a Chinese was fined \$4 for riding along Nathan Road with his hands in his pockets.

The Hong Kong Radio Telegraph Office announces that the direct service to Yunnanfu has now been entirely changed to the modern system of short wave transmission and reception and that telegrams sent by this route are no longer subject to delay by bad atmospheric conditions. The rate by this route is 60 cents per word payable by the sender. No charges are collected from the addressee at either end.

Sir Robert Buchanan-Jardine, says a Home paper, is to appear in the "Kinmount Willie" episode, undertaken by the British Legion for Carlisle Pageant. This episode, in which Sir Robert will figure as a Border chieftain, is treasured by Border folk but is little known elsewhere. Kinmount Willie, a giant of the Border warfare, was captured by the English on what the Scots considered a day of trouble. In terrible wrath, Baron Buecluch descended at night, forded the turbulent River Eden, scaled the walls of Carlisle Castle, and rescued Kinmount Willie. Buecluch had to offer an explanation to Queen Elizabeth over the affair.

MR. R. SUTHERLAND.

ORDERED SEA VOYAGE FOR HEALTH.

Mr. R. Sutherland will be away from the Colony for a short while. Owing to constant bouts of fever which he has been unable to shake off he has been ordered by his doctor on a sea voyage. He is leaving on Wednesday by the *Empress of Canada* and will return here, we hope fully restored to health, by the next "Empress" boat.

Mr. Sutherland's work for the Grand Tattoo has been divided up among various members of the committee, and the scheme has progressed sufficiently far for his absence not to be felt too severely.

THE BALFOUR FOREST.

300,000 JERUSALEM PINES FOR 200 ACRES.

A landmark for all visitors to Palestine, the Balfour Forest, the first planting of which was celebrated by a banquet at the Guildhall, lies on the hillside on the high road from Haifa to Nazareth. Its complete area, Mr. P. Horowitz, general secretary of the London office of the Jewish National Fund, informed a representative of *The Observer*, will be about two hundred acres. "Ultimately," he said, "we want to have something like 300,000 trees. Five thousand have already been planted; a further fifty thousand, which were subscribed for at the banquet, will be planted this year; and each year afterwards another fifty thousand will be planted, until the whole number is complete.

"The trees will be mostly the Jerusalem pine, and will be used for timber. They will take about twenty-five years to grow to maturity.

"Trees," Mr. Horowitz added, "play a great part in improving the climate and in saving the country from the appearance of neglect and waste. Three main purposes will be served by this forest—the reclamation of the soil, the beautification of the countryside, and the utilisation of hill wastes, which are stony at present. The whole scheme is being carried out by the Jewish National Fund, whose headquarters are in Palestine."

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.15 p.m., stated:—
Pressure continues highest to the north of Japan and low over China. A depression remains between Japan and the Bonins.
Local Forecast:—S.W. winds, moderate, fair to showery.

SOLDIER'S DEATH AFTER ROUTE MARCH.

PRIVATE ROGERS OF THE QUEEN'S.

SUCCUMBS AFTER FEW HOURS' ILLNESS.

Another young soldier of the Queen's Royal Regiment billeted at Shamshipo Camp died yesterday, making the third casualty in the ranks during the past two months.

Private Ernest Charles Rogers, who was 29 years old, was among those who took part in a route march on Thursday forenoon. During the march Rogers collapsed owing to the extreme heat and was taken back to the Camp. His condition was serious and he was later transferred to the Indian Military Hospital in Kowloon where he passed away shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday morning.

The Funeral.

Full military honours were accorded to the deceased soldier at the funeral which took place in the afternoon at the Protestant Cemetery, Happy Valley. Deceased was buried near the grave of the late Private Edward Plume, a comrade of his Battalion who died on June 11th.

The coffin was borne on a gun-carriage preceded by a firing party and the full Band of the Battalion. Lieut.-Col. Pousonby, D.S.O., M.C., (Officer Commanding), and other officers of the unit were present and a large number of troops also followed to the graveside. The Rev. J. J. Hodgkins, C.F., conducted the service.

Wreaths were sent by the Officers, Sergeants, Corporals' Mess, No. 3 Section M.G. Company, Other Ranks M.G. Company, His Comrades Nos. 9, 10, 11, and 12 Platoons, "B" Company, Messing Staff, Other Ranks Headquarters Wing, Other Ranks, "D" Company.

REDS IN BRITISH ARMY.

MOSCOW STILL PLOTTING.

Acting under definite instructions from Moscow the Communists of England are renewing their efforts to undermine the loyalty of the Army and Navy and also the merchant navy.

With that cunning which characterises all their efforts, the Reds have so arranged that the brunt of the work shall fall upon the younger men they have duped. The older men and wirepullers of the movement remain in their comfortable and well paid office billets. They are now selling the young men of the Young Communists League that they will be serving the cause of the workers by enlisting in the Army and Navy and spreading propaganda in barrack rooms and workshops.

Seamen's Clubs.

There is evidence that active members of the league in good employment have deliberately thrown up their work to enlist in the Army and carry out the behests of Moscow. These men are now serving in various units, some at home, some in India, and others elsewhere. They have but one object and that is to stir up discontent.

So far as the merchant navy is concerned, the Communists are operating mainly through the Communist International Seamen's Club in foreign countries. There is a particularly active club of this kind at Bordeaux. When a British vessel makes port, Communist agents swarm round it with invitations to the seamen to visit the club.

GREAT FIRE ON THE LIDO.

1,000 BATHERS LOSE THEIR CLOTHES.

A great fire destroyed the entire bathing establishment of the Grand Alberchi on the Lido. Efforts of the fire brigade were futile in the face of a fresh wind. The place was crowded with more than 1,000 people, including 700 women, many of whom lost all their clothes. A number of women had left their jewels with the authorities, and it is reported, these also were destroyed.

When the slightly old bathers realised the impossibility of recovering their suits and dresses, taxicabs and gondolas were summoned hastily to carry them to their hotels.
A large shop, a cinema theatre, and 400 bathing cabins were destroyed.

NEW METHODS IN SURGERY.

PAIN-KILLING BY SLUMBER.

NO ANÆSTHETIC MASK.

The most recently devised method of rendering people unconscious and insensitive to pain so that operations may be performed on them is likely to bring about a considerable change in the administration of anaesthetics as usually practised, writes the *Daily Express* Scientific Correspondent.

The new method has several outstanding advantages. To begin with it entirely obviates the fear and anxiety with which many patients are afflicted before taking the anaesthetic. There is in the new circumstances none of the suffocating feeling that is often associated with the close approximation to the face of an anaesthetic mask or apparatus.

Moreover all the physical disturbances are avoided which may arise from the contemplation of the surroundings of an operating theatre. For it is one of the chief advantages of the new system of anaesthesia that the patient remains in bed and is then rendered unconscious before he is removed for operation.

The process by which he is thus rendered unconscious is free from all irritation of his air passages or of his sense of taste or smell.

Slow Injection.

He is subjected to a slow injection while he lies on his side comfortably in bed. Gradually a drowsiness possesses him. He can hardly bother to answer the doctor's questions.

The little noises of the room or ward seem fainter and further and further away. His eyelids droop with heaviness and the gentle regular breathing of sleep replaces the more injurious and less monotonous respiration of the waking state.

There is no taste in the mouth, no tingling of the limbs, no throbbing of the head. There is merely a quiet passing into oblivion.

Within ten minutes of the beginning of the injection the patient is snoring gently and is fast asleep. But it is no ordinary sleep. It is more like the deep unconsciousness of surgical anaesthesia although it is a state not identical with that. The most drastic surgical procedures may now be carried out on the sleeping person without him feeling the least degree of pain.

After Effects Avoided.

Nevertheless the reflex nervous system is still active to some extent and it may in certain cases be necessary to allow the patient to breathe a little ether or laughing gas or other anaesthetic.

The amounts of these drugs needed however are so slight that their unpleasant after-effects are entirely avoided. When the operation is completed the patient is taken back to bed, where he continues his injection-induced slumber for two or three hours longer.

He awakens without feelings of sickness, and much of the post-operative pain has already been avoided.

There have hitherto been no injurious results observed following this novel method of anaesthesia. Its conduct, however, requires the most minute care and precision.

For the injection used is of great potency and the dosage has to be most carefully calibrated in accordance with the weight and the nervous disposition of the subject.

The solution used is chemically a complicated one, and besides requiring the utmost care in preparation it must be kept under rigid conditions of temperature and stillness, and must be stringently tested before use.

Precautions.

If these precautions are not observed decomposition of the fluid may occur, with the formation of bodies either highly irritating at the site of injection or positively dangerous to the human body.

For this new agent of anaesthesia the medical profession is indebted to the labours of some German chemists. All the material used up to the present time in this country has come from abroad.

The method has been applied with success to people of all ages, but appears particularly well suited to those advanced in years.

It is likely to be of the greatest possible service in dealing with highly nervous individuals who require operations, and for many of those who, because of chest diseases or other causes, are unsuitable subjects for the usual methods of anaesthesia.

RESIGNATION OF NORTHERN
GENERALS.

LI TSAI HSIN TO RETURN TO CANTON.

FURTHER PROTEST TO JAPAN.

EXTREMISTS INVITED TO FIFTH
PLENARY SESSION.

Marshal Li Tsai Hsin has announced that he will return to Canton on the conclusion of the Fifth Plenary Session. He has taken this decision in the face of Marshal Chiang Kai Shek's desire that he should remain at Nanking and take up a post at the capital.

It was announced yesterday that the Central Executive Committee held a private meeting to consider the advisability of admitting Left Wing members to the Plenary Session. No decision was made public after two hours discussion, but it is now stated that the Committee has telegraphed to the extremist members, requesting them to proceed to Nanking and attend the Fifth Plenary Session.

A message from Tientsin to the vernacular papers states that Chang Hsueh Liang has authorised the resignation of Generals Chang Tsung Chang and Chu Yu Pu. Yang Yu Ting has also expressed his intention of resigning.

RESIGNATION OF NORTH-
ERN GENERALS.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Aug. 3rd.

According to a message from Tientsin, General Chang Hsueh Liang has authorised the resignation of General Chang Tsung Chang and General Chu Yu Pu from the military commands which they hold.

General Yang Yu Ting has also expressed his intention of retirement.

EXTREMISTS ADMITTED.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Aug. 3rd.

The Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang has telegraphed to the "Leftist" executive members including Mrs. Liao Chung Kai, Messrs. Chen Shiu Jen, Wang Fat Chin, Chen Kung Pu and Koo Meng Yu, requesting them to proceed to Nanking to attend the Fifth Plenary Session.

BACK TO CANTON.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Aug. 3rd.

Marshal Li Tsai Hsin has said in an interview that as soon as the Fifth Plenary Session closes he will return to Canton, although Marshal Chiang Kai Shek had urged him to stay in Peking.

YEN HSI SHAN.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Aug. 3rd.

Marshal Yen Hsi Shan proceeded to Taiyewu from Shihchiacheng on July 31st.

ANOTHER PROTEST.

(Wah Ts Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Aug. 3rd.

The Nanking Foreign Ministry has again lodged a strong protest with the Japanese Government against the latter's alleged interference with China's politics.

NO CAUSE FOR
ANXIETY.SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN'S
ILLNESS.SLIGHT BRONCHO-
PNEUMONIA.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 3rd.

The following bulletin was issued this morning, signed by Sir Kenneth Goadby and Doctor De Wesselow: "Sir Austen Chamberlain is suffering from a mild attack of broncho-pneumonia. He is progressing satisfactorily and his condition gives cause for no anxiety."

POPE'S MESSAGE TO
CHINA.

CHARITY AND JUSTICE.

HOPES FOR FUTURE.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

PEKING, Aug. 3rd.

The Archbishop Constantini, the Apostolic delegate to China, has issued the text of a message from the Pope to the Chinese. It states *inter alia* that "the Holy Father, who was the first to treat China not only on a basis of perfect equality, but also of affection and genuine sympathy, consecrating with his own hands the first Chinese Bishops, rejoices at the conclusion of the civil war. He prays that a lasting and fruitful peace may be restored, based upon the principles of charity and justice. He hopes that full recognition will be given to the legitimate aspirations and rights of this people of ancient culture, who before have had epochs of splendour, and who, if they persevere in the ways of justice and order, have a great future in front of them."

TARIFF AGREEMENT
WITH CHINA.

LORD PARMOOR'S OPINION.

SIGNIFICANCE OF U.S.
TREATY.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, August 2nd.

In the House of Lords, initiating the Foreign Office debate, Lord Parmoor referred to China, expressing the opinion that although it might mean some risk and require courage, Britain ought to follow the United States policy as soon as possible.

Lord Salisbury, in reply, declared that the tariff concessions which the American Government had granted to China were strictly limited by the most-favoured-nation clause, and constituted a purely suspensory concession.

Nothing would happen in respect of Sino-American tariff relations, said Lord Salisbury, until the American Government could be assured that the conditions which America had obtained were no less favourable than the conditions which any other country obtained.

Lord Salisbury pointed out that peaceful conditions in China had not yet been obtained, but the British Government marked with great satisfaction that there was recently a movement in favour of the disbandment of some of the troops.

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KING'S SPEECH.

BRITAIN'S BASIC INDUSTRIES.

RATING RELIEF.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 3rd.

Parliament has been prorogued till November 6th, when the new session, instead of the usual autumn session, begins.

The King's Speech *inter alia* confidently expects that the Kellogg Treaty, when completed, will constitute a new and important guarantee of the world's peace.

His Majesty is sure that the recommendations of the Commission of Agriculture in India for the promotion of the welfare of the rural population will be sympathetically and fruitfully considered by competent authorities in India.

He declares that the conditions of the basic industries in Britain and their high level of unemployment continue to cause anxiety, but he trusts that the comprehensive proposals of Ministers for the relief of rates on agriculture and other productive industries will not merely increase employment generally, but bring special relief to the areas most in need of it.

COMMUNISM IN
SINGAPORE.

PROMPT POLICE ACTION.

IMPORTANT ARRESTS.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

SINGAPORE, Aug. 3rd.

Demonstrations commemorating the Japanese bombardment of Tsinanfu were planned in various parts of Singapore to-day by local Chinese communists. These plans were nipped in the bud by the police, who made eight raids, paralyzing the Communist organisation.

Sixteen important arrests were effected, including two wanted leaders. Large quantities of inflammatory banners and pamphlets were seized.

PASSAGE OF SUEZ
CANAL.

THE SINGAPORE DOCK.

A TICKLISH JOB.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, August 2nd.

The great Singapore Base floating dock has arrived at Port Said in two parts.

The dock will begin its passage through the Suez Canal at dawn on Saturday. The passage will take four days, but shipping will only be stopped for twelve hours at a time, since the dock will wait at Kantara, where the canal is widened, and will afterwards pass through Ismailia and Bitter Lakes, where ships will be allowed to pass.

Ten tugs will be employed. The passage will be a delicate operation, as there will be only fifteen feet to spare on each side in the narrow part of the canal.

DUTCH AGREEMENT WITH
U.S.A.EXPLOITATION OF PETRO-
LEUM.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

THE HAGUE, Aug. 2nd.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has issued a statement in consequence of the declarations made by the Minister for the Colonies during the discussion in the Chamber of the Bill authorising certain contracts with the Netherlands Petroleum Company for the exploitation of petroleum on four properties in the Dutch East Indies.

He stated that negotiations were opened with the American Legation for reciprocal treatment in the matter of mining legislation, and these resulted in the American Government recognising the Netherlands as a reciprocating State under the terms of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920.

LABOUR OPPOSES
COMMUNIST.SAKLATVALA'S FLAMING
LETTER.

INDIA'S PROBLEM.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 3rd.

The Indian debate in the Commons was protracted till the early morning, and provided an unusual feature in a duel between Labour members, and a Communist with the Government warmly applauding the former. The Labour member, Mr. Johnson, diagnosed the trouble in India as not political but economic. Mr. Saklatvala read a flaming letter he had written to Mr. Baldwin declaring that the Government of India was tantamount to absolute monarchy. India's first and last problem was the overthrow of British rule.

Mr. Purcell (Labour), however, declared that India was not so much suffering from Imperialism as stomach trouble. India wanted food which it would not get by the mere transference from white to native government. Mr. Purcell suggested that the Government's best policy was to organise the people in trade unions.

Lord Winterton in his reply showed, by enumerating economic, hygienic and social measures, that more had been done to improve methods of cultivation and the economic position of the cultivator in the past twenty-five years than in any previous five hundred. He endorsed Mr. Purcell's reply.

Mr. Saklatvala agreed that trade unionism should be put on a better basis, but the conditions were largely in the hands of the Indians themselves.

FRANCO-BRITISH
DISARMAMENT.

AMERICA APPROVES.

SUBMARINE CONSTRUCTION.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, August 2nd.

The State Department here has carefully examined the provisions of the Anglo-French Naval Disarmament Agreement, which aims at coalescing into a single text the Draft Conventions which Britain and France presented to the Geneva Naval Conference in 1926.

Following the examination, the State Department has announced its readiness to send another American delegation to the Preparatory Disarmament Conference in Geneva, should the new development result in the re-opening of discussions.

Navy Department officials point out the fundamental change in the naval situation created by the possibilities which the Franco-British Agreement presents for the limitation of submarine construction.

RAIL STRIKE IN INDIA.

RESUMPTION OF WORK.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

MADRAS, Aug. 2nd.

The majority of the strikers on the Southern Indian Railway have resumed work unconditionally.

The Agents have withdrawn recognition of the Labour Union, but they have agreed to accept a deputation of workers.

AMUR FLOODS.

SEVEN VILLAGES SWAL-
LOWED UP.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

MOSCOW, August 2nd.

Seven villages in the Amur flood area have now completely disappeared.

The preliminary estimates of loss over the whole area give damage of at least 10,000,000 roubles.

The waters of the Amur are, however, reported to be falling.

CAPT. COURTNEY
SAFE.

A TERRIBLE TIME.

'PLANE ON FIRE.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

RUGBY, Aug. 2nd.

Following Capt. Courtney's message that he and his three companions had been forced down in the Atlantic, great fears were entertained for his safety. He had stated that there was no immediate danger, but when the Dollar liner *President Hayes* reached his wireless position there was no sign of the machine, while Capt. Courtney made no response to wireless calls.

However a later *Reuter* message from New York states that the master of the s.s. *Minnewaska* has wirelessed that he has rescued Courtney and the crew, all being well.

LATER.
Capt. Courtney has wirelessed to his wife that he had a very bad time. He was forced to descend by an outbreak of fire in his machine, but there is no need to worry now.

The steamer *Cedric* reports that the plane has been abandoned.

PREMIER NOT TO BE
DRAWN.

MINISTERS' DISCREPANCIES.

NON-COMMITTAL ANSWER.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

LONDON, Aug. 2nd.

There was a further development in the fiscal controversy to-day, when, during question-time in the House of Commons, an effort was made to "draw" the Prime Minister on the subject of the discrepancies in the recent speeches of Mr. Winston Churchill and Sir William Joynson-Hicks.

The questions in the House of Commons elicited a non-committal statement by Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister.

Mr. Baldwin pointed out that Mr. Churchill's statement was in accordance with the election programme of 1924, while Sir William Joynson-Hicks had truly said that certain questions were worthy of consideration.

Questioned on the specific point of "safeguarding" the iron and steel industries, Mr. Baldwin said the Government adhered to its decision of 1923, after the matter had been examined by the Committee of Civil Research.

The Rating Scheme.

Continuing his statement, the Prime Minister declared that the Government's rating scheme would appreciably reduce overhead costs in the iron and steel industries, while the reduction in railway freights would also tend to improve the competitive position of this basic industry.

Mr. Churchill's speech, mentioned by the Premier, was made at the conclusion of the Unemployment Debate on July 24th. He said that any fundamental reversal of the fiscal system should not be contemplated, but "we are perfectly free to develop exceptional measures for the special culture of particular trades."

BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR.

FINE PROSPECTS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, August 2nd.

Less than ten thousand square feet of space remains to be allocated for the heavy section of the British Industries Fair, to be held in Birmingham next February.

This is out of total area of 400,000 square feet.

PARLIAMENT'S NEXT
SESSION.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, August 2nd.

The Premier announced in the House of Commons that the new session of Parliament will open on November 6th.

PLOT TO ROB THE
EMPIRE.COMMUNICATIONS MERGER
ATTACKED.

GREAT POTENTIAL ASSET.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 2nd.

A definite conspiracy to rob the Empire of one of its greatest potential assets was the description applied by Mr. W. J. Baker (Lab.), in the House of Commons to-day, to the wireless and cable merger recommended by the Imperial Conference.

The remark was passed during the debate on the Report of the Imperial Wireless and Cable Conference, in connection with which Mr. Baker had been entrusted with the task of launching the Opposition attack.

Mr. Baker criticised the whole scheme, alleging that there was an interlocking of British and American companies already, in spite of the fact that the danger of the transference of Empire communications to American hands was a leading feature of the campaign which resulted in the merger.

Excellent Bargain.

Sir John Gilmour, replying as the chairman of the Imperial Conference, assured British people that no compulsion or dictatorship had been imposed upon the Conference.

He regarded the recommendations as an excellent bargain for the State, which would secure a public, and efficient service at the cheapest possible rate. At the same time, the scheme safeguarded the strategic position, which must necessarily depend on the cables for some years at least.

The British Government in deciding to accept the Report were convinced they were acting in the public interests, and they proposed to enter into negotiations with the companies with a view to an agreement on the lines indicated in the report.

Interests Of The Public.

The Government was desirous of putting the recommendations into effect at the earliest possible moment. They felt, convinced they were acting in the best interests of the users of the services for it was only in this way that all necessary communications between the various parts of the Empire could be maintained and developed without undue cost to the public.

In announcing their decision, added Sir John Gilmour, the British Government was fortified with the knowledge that the attitude of the other Governments concerned was generally favourable to the recommendations of the Imperial Conference, although there were necessarily certain aspects to which those other Governments wished to give further consideration, or in regard to which fuller information was required.

In response to telegraphic enquiries, replies had been received from the Canadian, Australian, New Zealand, South African, Irish Free State and Indian Governments showing that on all hands and in every quarter of the Empire there was a measure of accord on the general principles which the Conference had laid down.

The Recommendations.

Further discussion took place on the recommendations, the principal of which are firstly, the formation of a great merger between the Eastern Extension and Western Telegraph Companies and the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, uniting and combining communications throughout the Empire; and, secondly, the promotion of a Communications Company with an initial capital of £30,000,000 to acquire the communication assets of the Cable and Marconi Companies, as well as the lease of the Post Office beam services.

Mr. Baker Reproved.

Eventually the debate dropped, Lieut.-Col. L. C. M. S. Amery, the Dominions Secretary, winding up, said Mr. Walter Baker for his suspicions, and affirmed that it had been clearly shown that there was no possibility of the Dominions Governments participating in an inter-Imperial and inter-Government-owned unitary system.

Signor Marconi sat in the distinguished Strangers' Gallery during the wireless and cables debate.

Marconi's Announcement.

The Marconi Company have announced that it is hoped to form the merger company between the Marconi Company and the Eastern and Associated Cable Companies as soon as the necessarily protracted legal formalities can be carried out. The new Merger Company will make an offer to shareholders of the Cable companies and the Marconi Company to acquire their shares in exchange for shares in the Merger Company.

BASEBALL NOTES.

SOME VIEWS AND REVIEWS.

(By C. L. C.)

The result of last Sunday's game between the South China Dragons and the U.S.S. Sacramento was not at all unexpected. The sailors have the best team in the Colony this year, and the only pity is that they are not in the League. The Sacramento outfit play with a "science" that is rarely seen in Hong Kong. The Chinese players were inferior in every branch of the game.

It was good to see the veteran player, June, staging a comeback as a pitcher. He will put it over too, with a little more practice, and other pitchers, like Zafra and Ruffin, will have to look to their laurels. June must have played in some big matches during his hey-day, and although no longer young, he can still look after the third base better than many of the younger players.

Although they have not lost a game this season in the League, the Filipinos went under to the Asheville crew on Tuesday in a friendly tussle. The game was a patchy affair, and every player went about his job in a haphazard sort of way. Chadwill pitched a fairly good game for the sailors, but Alvarez of the Filipino pack was obviously out of form.

I understand that the Filipino Baseball Club, having won the protest, are not going to take advantage of it. They have given the game to the Dragons. This means that they and the Dragons are equal in the League. Whether it was a wise step to take or not remains to be seen.

Looking at it from one angle, the Filipinos are undoubtedly the best type of sportsmen. They do not wish to take advantage of the umpire's error, and since the Dragons had won the game, they allowed them to keep the victory.

If the Filipinos fail to "put it over," they certainly will find themselves "out of the running." If they had accepted the Committee's verdict to have the game replayed, the position would be that at present the Filipinos have not lost a game this season, while the Dragons already had one defeat at the hands of the Filipinos. Another victory over the Dragons would have sufficed to make them equal. As it stands now the Filipinos and the Dragons are about fifty-fifty as regards chances.

To-day's game between the Dragons and the Hong Kong Baseball Club should be worth watching. The local Americans have a strong outfit, and all they need is to get together a bit more. Ruffin twists a good game, and all that is required is to strengthen the fielding part of the proposition. It is hard to predict who will win the game. On form, the Dragons should win, but one never knows what the Clubbies are going to do. A dark horse may at any time romp home by a wide margin.

The exhibition game between the Dragons and an "All Hong Kong" side on Monday comes as a good diversion, but I should think that an "All Hong Kong" side against the Sacramento outfit would be more productive of good play and thrills than the game arranged. The Dragons this year are not so strong as they have been in the past, but the Sacramento has so far stood up against all comers. However, I am sure all the fans will welcome an exhibition game, and I wish the Association every success.

U.S. SAILORS IN BASEBALL TUSSELE.

"ASHEVILLE" AND "SACRAMENTO" TO VIE FOR HONOUR.

What promises to be one of the best baseball games of the season has been arranged for Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock between teams representing the U.S.S. Sacramento and the U.S.S. Asheville. This has been made possible by the short visit of the Sacramento to this port. The Sacramento team is by far the best that has played on the Hong Kong diamond this year and has defeated the Dragons, the Filipinos and the Hong Kong Baseball Club. The game team also defeated the Asheville in a friendly game played on Wednesday afternoon, July 25th. Rivals say that Commodore "Buck" Enchs of the Asheville, which is flagship of the South China patrol, has combed the other ships of the patrol for baseball players! But that is only (Continued on next column).

OLYMPIC GAMES.

TABLE OF POINTS.

GREAT BRITAIN SECOND TO U.S.A.

(THROUGH METER'S AGENCY.)

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 2nd.

The following table of points is an unofficial one:—

United States	90
British Empire	63
Finland	38
Germany	28
Sweden	27
Japan	11
France	10
Norway	9
The British Empire's 53 points comprise:—	
Britain	19
Canada	13
South Africa	11
Ireland	8
Australia	0

5,000 Metres.

Ritola (Finland)	1
Nurmi (Finland)	2
Widen (Sweden)	3

Won by 20 yards in 14 mins. 38 sec. There were two yards between second and third.

Javelin Throwing.

Lundqvist (Sweden) 68.6 metres.
Sjopcs (Hungary) 63.28.
Sunde (Norway) 63.95.

[Lundqvist's throw constitutes an Olympic record.]

Hop, Step And Jump.

Oda (Japan) 15.21 metres.
Cussey (U.S.A.)

800 Metres (Women).

Frau Radke (Germany)	1
Hitomi (Japan)	2
Gentzel (Sweden)	3
Thompson (Canada)	4
Rosenfeld (Canada)	5
MacDonald (U.S.A.)	6

Won by two yards; three yards between second and third.

Time: 2 mins. 16.45 seconds, a world's record.

Frau Radke, as Fraulein Batschauer, previously held the world's record for this distance with a time of 2 mins. 23.45 seconds.

1,600 Metres.

Larva (Finland)	1
Ladoumague (France)	2
Purge (Finland)	3

Won by two yards; three yards between second and third.

Time: 3 mins. 53.5 seconds, an Olympic record.

Falls (Women).

Fraulein Mayer (Germany)	1
Miss Freeman (Britain)	2
Fraulein Oelkers (Germany)	3

Falls (Men).

Gaudin (France)	1
Casimir (Germany)	2
Gaudini (Italy)	3

COUNTY CRICKET.

FINE YORKSHIRE BOWLING.

BOYES IN FORM.

(THROUGH METER'S AGENCY.)

Yorkshire v. Northants.

Yorkshire beat Northants by 10 wickets.

Yorkshire 287 and 12 for no wicket.

Northants 125 (Robinson 5 for 52, Macaulay 5 for 58) and, following on, 179 (Rhodes 5 for 57).

Hampshire v. Essex.

Hampshire beat Essex by an innings and 87 runs.

Hampshire 408 (Newman 102), Essex 120 (Boyes 5 for 38) and 201 (Boyes 5 for 93).

"a tale for the telling" and the important thing is that Hong Kong baseball fans will be treated to a capital game, which should afford a lesson to local teams. Keniff, the first baseman on the Sacramento team was formerly the champion home-run slugger of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet. Hagwood the hefty south paw, is also noted for his home-run capabilities, while Archambault, their pitcher, is undoubtedly the best twirler in South China with the possible exception of Ruffin.

The Asheville also has several men who grew up in the game. Franks the reliable and "cagey" catcher of the Asheville swings a mighty bat which makes even Zafra envious. The Asheville has also, it is said, been keeping several new players up their sleeves for this return match with the Sacramento.

Besides being an excellent game, the Hong Kong baseball fans will be treated to some real baseball chatter, or so called "talking up" the game, does not consist of raising or caustic personal remarks concerning the individual players.

The Hong Kong Baseball Club line-up for to-day's game against the South China Dragons will be as follows:—Burrell, c.; Ruffin, p.; Russakoff, 1st; Harris, 2nd; Dugan, Ager, s.s.; Proulx, 3rd; Burdick, Lammett, I.F.; Owen-Hughes, c.f.; Muccio, r.f.

THE GARRISON SCHOOL.

PRIZE-GIVING CEREMONY.

MAJOR-GENERAL AND MRS. LUARD PRESENT.

EFFICIENCY AND HEALTH.

The annual prize giving ceremony of the Garrison Children's School was held yesterday morning at Volante Headquarters. Unlike the majority of school functions in the Colony the organisation was admirable, and a very pleasing and adequate ceremony was got through in 30 minutes. The children came up smartly to take their prizes and sang their songs without any waiting. This atmosphere of efficiency speaks well for the training which is given in the Garrison School.

The drill hall was prettily decorated with flags, and made more attractive by the band of healthy and happy looking children in their clean frocks and suits—youngsters of whom England may well be proud.

H.E. Major-General C. C. Luard, C.B., C.M.G., the General Officer Commanding the Troops, and Mrs. Luard, who came to distribute the prizes were on the platform with Captain J. Cornock, the officer in charge of the Garrison School, the headmaster, Mr. Waterson, and other officers and their wives.

THE REPORT.

The ceremony opened by the presentation of a bouquet to the Mrs. Luard by one of the small girls, and then Captain Cornock read his report as follows:—

During the school year ending to-day the composition of the school staff has remained unaltered; nor has there been any noteworthy change in the number of the scholars.

One mistress resigned with effect from the 31st August and was granted leave on the 8th July to proceed to England.

Mr. Waterson Leaving.

The coming troping season will witness many changes in the school staff. Three mistresses are returning to England and in addition, the headmaster, Mr. Waterson, is leaving Hong Kong, and the Service. They will have the satisfaction of leaving behind them classes of children mentally alert, physically sound and full of the zest of life. Mr. Waterson in particular will be missed by the children. Not content with his duties during the regulation school hours he has taken groups of scholars to Stonecutters and taught them to swim. He will carry away with him the sincere good wishes and kindly remembrances of those who have been under his charge during the past three years.

The numbers on the books at present are:—

Army Children, 7; Navy, 21; Pensioners, 18; Civilians, 20.

Of these 75 are in the Garrison Children's School and of these 75, 58 are able to swim. Twenty of these have learned this summer.

In January of this year five scholarships were awarded by the Hong Kong Education Authority to the Kowloon British School where more advanced education is provided. Three of these scholarships were taken advantage of.

The Girl Guide and Boy Scout Associations are represented in the school as follows:—Brownies, 17; Girl Guides, 1; Cubs, 5; Boy Scouts, 13.

During the past year the discipline of the school has been well maintained, and that without friction. Cleanliness, cheerfulness, liveliness, and neatness of dress all reflect credit on both parents and staff.

Successful Concert.

The outstanding event of the year has been a concert run solely by the staff and scholars. Its origin was a fairy play given by the children at Christmas to parents and friends in the nature of a school-breaking-up party. Mrs. Luard suggested that the play was worth repeating to an outside audience. Additional items were added and in March the concert was given in Mr. Austin Barracks and in the R.E. Theatre. The staff worked hard, and supported by the parents in the provision of dresses and costumes, made the concert a success. The result was that the sum of \$350 was handed to the Treasurer of the Military Branch of the Ministering Children's League.

Several of the performers left the Colony the day after the concert, taking with them the pleasing thought that their last act in Hong Kong had been to take part in an effort to benefit children less fortunate than themselves.

The prizes to-day have been made possible to the generous contributions received from the various Officers, Units, Messes and Clubs, from H.M. Dockyard Officials and from the parents of civilian children attending the school. In addition the Hong Kong Chamber of Commerce has again very generously contributed \$100. To all these the thanks of the staff and scholars are due and are hereby tendered.

(Continued on next column).

BISLEY RIFLE MEETING.

KING'S PRIZEMAN USES A HONG KONG GUN.

At Bisley on July 9th the Daily Telegraph 250 Cup was won by Captain C. H. Vernon, late R.A.M.C. (T.), who was using the

rifle with which he won the King's Prize last year. Firing seven shots at 600 yards, Captain Vernon was the only competitor to make the highest possible score of 35, although eight of his rivals (including last year's winner) each dropped but a single point. Dr. Vernon neatly grouped all his shots in the top left quarter of the bull. "I call this my Chinese gun," he said afterwards. "It was won by a man in Hong Kong in 1911, as that silver plate shows. Somebody sent it home a couple of years ago, and the colonel of my old regiment sold it to me for a fiver. And now it has won me the King's Prize and the Daily Telegraph Cup."

In Class A of the same competition for all-comers, Lieut. F. A. Evans took 17th place, with a score of 33 and won £3. In Class B, for competitors who had not won a prize of £2, Corp. C. A. Grimes, Hong Kong, also won a prize of £3.

Junior Kolapore.

In the competition for the Junior Kolapore Morning Post Cup, open to teams of four past or present members of H.M. Forces from any part of the British Empire, competing countries entered for the Kolapore Cup, ten shots at 300, 500 and 600 yds., the Nigerian team proved the winners with an aggregate of 534.

China Treaty Ports, with an aggregate of 523, were second. The Federated Malay States, last year's winners, dropped to sixth place with 503. The Straits Settlements (492) were eighth, and Johore (479), who were entered for the first time, were ninth on the list.

Prizes To Infants.

As in previous years it has been decided to present each scholar in the Infants' School with a prize. They are treated in school as one family and the competitive spirit is absent. As in some instances there are two infants attending from the same household the interests of domestic peace require that there shall be no discrimination.

In the Elder Children's School the prizes have been awarded on the result of marks obtained during the year plus the results of the term examinations.

There will be a swimming sports in September or October.

In conclusion the O.S. Schools desires on behalf of the staff and scholars to thank Mrs. Luard for presenting the prizes, the Officers of the H.K.V.D. Corps for the loan of this building and all those who by their attendance to-day have shown their interest in the school.

Forty Years On.

The singing by the elder children of "Forty Years On" and by twelve tiny girls of a lullaby song showed good training and was done with evident enjoyment.

Mrs. Luard.

Mrs. Luard, in a short but gracious speech congratulated the students and the staff on the year's work especially mentioning the excellent results of the concert arranged by the school staff. Mrs. Luard said that she was particularly pleased that she had returned in a time to have been able to attend the function as it was probably the last time she would attend the annual prize giving of the School.

Mr. Waterson, the headmaster, called for a vote of thanks to Mrs. Luard for coming to give away the prizes, the students responded by standing and giving three cheers.

Prize List.

The following were the prize-winners:—

Standard II.—1, Joan Hall; 2, Yvonne Martin; 3, George Gull. Special prize for progress: Alan Lee.

Standard III.—1, Sheila Hall; 2, Walter Fitz-Earle; 3, Jean Sore.

Standard IV.—1, Robert Jones; 2, Douglas Oliver.

Standard V.—1, Edith Holloway; 2, Cecil Lee; 3, Sydney Hutchinson.

Standard VI.—1, Fred George; 2, Dennis Monaghan.

Drawing (Junior):—1, John Urself; 2, Yvonne Martin; 3, George Gull.

Drawing (Middle Class):—1, Barbara Latham; 2, Peg George; 3, Ian Read.

Drawing (Senior):—1, Dennis Monaghan; 2, William Maycock; 3, Yvonne Martin; 4, Veronice Allen; 5, John Hayes; 6, Brenda Bortey; 7, Frances Cooke.

Headmaster's prize for General Efficiency:—Brian Hynes.

Prize for the Girl who has exercised best influence and set a high standard of conduct. Selected by votes and endorsed by staff:—Edith Holloway.

Prize for Boy who has shown best example and done most to uphold good name of the school. Selected by votes and endorsed by staff:—Dennis Monaghan.

(Continued on next column).

THE V.R.C. SEASON.

FIRST NIGHT FETE.

THIS EVENING'S PROGRAMME.

The Victoria Recreation Club which is the scene of many of the most important swimming events annually in the Colony—begin their activities this evening with the first night fete of the season. A great deal of interest is being centred on it and as the programme includes a variety of events, some fine swimming is expected. There will be dancing after the sports to the accompaniment of Mr. Sousa's Band.

There is an event for ladies and another for boys fifteen years of age and under. Members, of course, have their own events, but the principal attraction of the evening will be the Invitation Team Race between the Royal Navy, the Army and the Police. As yet the teams concerned have not made any appearance this season, and much speculation prevails in their respective camps as to how they will fare. Competition between the three will be very keen.

Water Polo.

Included in the programme is a Water Polo Match between the Royal Navy and the Victoria Recreation Club which should draw particular attention. The Club have won the Open Water Polo League for the past two seasons and are acknowledged to be the finest combination locally, so that they will be hard to beat to-night, if they play their regular team. But the Royal Navy are always likely to stage surprises and should give a good account of themselves.

The ladies event will no doubt add interest to the programme and as a few of the leading swimmers including the well-known Hui sisters are participating a fine race is expected. Then there is a high dive competition open to the Colony for which past entries will be accepted.

The Programme.

The programme which starts at 9 p.m. is as follows:—

1.—50 Yards Handicap for Boys, 15 years of age and under. (Post Entries).

2.—100 Yards Handicap for Members. (Heats).

3.—High Dive, Open. (Post Entries).

4.—50 Yards Handicap for Ladies. (Post Entries).

5.—50 Yards Team Race for Members.

6.—Invitation Team Race between the Royal Navy, Army and Police.

7.—100 Yards Handicap for Members. (Final).

8.—Water Polo Match, the Royal Navy v. the V.R.C.

DEMON BOWLER PARSON.

CRICKET ENTHUSIAST AGED 74.

NINE WICKETS RECORD.

Hungerford.

Partisan feeling is running high here; and the bowling prowess of the seventy-four-year old demon-bowler of Hungerford, the Rev. J. F. Denning, is responsible, writes a Daily Express correspondent.

Hungerford's trafficless main street, disturbed only on market-days and cricket-match days, has been transformed into an Exchange of Views, owing to the fact that the fire brigade cricket team is apprehensive about its forthcoming match with the town.

It must be confessed that were it not for Mr. Denning, cricket would decline in Hungerford; but he will not retire from the game. He is keen enough to play two, and sometimes three, matches a week; officiate as secretary of the Hungerford cricket club; and, with his skilful bowling, raise the spirits of the team when things look black. Here is his record:—

Born 1854. Took up cricket in 1888, because, when he came to Hungerford under the impression that his river was a fishing river, he found it was a fishing river. Played football until he was sixty-five. Played 2,000 matches in this time. Was in the semi-final of the English Cup, with the Schropshire Wanderers, during this period, in 1874. Once played four football matches in one day. Ran three in 1879, in a fifty mile race at Stamford Bridge. Takes a cold bath every day of his life. Does not drink, although he says, "I am not a teetotaler." Has not smoked since he was a school-boy at Shrewsbury. Is ready for any cricket match that can be devised.

(Continued on next column).

FIRST DAY AT HENLEY REGATTA.

INTERESTING RACES.

"JESUS" STYLE TRIUMPHS.

LONDON, July 3th.

Henley Regatta began yesterday, when the weather conditions were ideal and the water almost perfect. A slight breeze from the Berks station did not give any particular advantage to either station.

On paper the racing itself promised nothing very exciting, but as a matter of fact, some wonderful finishes were witnessed by a very large number of spectators.

The first race was a heat in the Thames Challenge Cup, in which the Thames Rowing Club had little difficulty in defeating Trinity College, Dublin.

After this followed easy victories by the National Provincial Bank Rowing Club, Kingston, and New College, Oxford.

In the best race of the day, Caius College, Cambridge, met Westminster Bank R.C. in Heat 3 of the Thames Cup. The race was fought for every yard of the distance, and at no point did either of the crews show any signs of cracking up. Eventually the Bank crew were given a verdict of 8 ft., after a struggle worthy of the best traditions of the regatta.

Battle Of Styles.

A race of real importance to the rowing enthusiasts was that between Eton and Jesus College, Cambridge, in the Ladies' Plate. Here we saw crews representing the two extremes of British rowing, the orthodox and the unorthodox. It would hardly be an exaggeration to say that present day English rowing has been built on the coaching obtained from such schools as Eton, yet the rowing known as the "Jesus" style has been responsible for so many May Week and Metropolitan victories that the most confirmed sceptic has had to acknowledge that something must be said for this ugly but effective style.

Jesus again proved its real worth yesterday, winning in the fastest time of the day, after being behind most of the way, while Selwyn College, Cambridge, who adopted the same style a year or two ago, easily beat a useful Westminster crew.

Shrewsbury School gave us a wave of optimism about the future of our rowing by defeating Exeter College, Oxford, in Heat 5 of the Ladies' Plate. Of late years Shrewsbury have gone right to the front and the fact that Mr. A. E. Kitchen, the old Oxford blue, has charge of their rowing activities, is all in their favour.

Bad Steering.

The steering of most crews entered for the Wyfold challenge cup was appallingly bad and resulted in more than one heat in the defeat of a crew faster than their opponents. In the case of Nottingham Union Rowing Club v. Maidenhead Rowing Club there was a very unsatisfactory verdict of not rowed out, Maidenhead being returned the winners. The foul occurred exactly in the middle of the course, so it would be unfair to lay the blame off any individual in this case, the casual spectator yesterday would be full of praise for the rowing but, certainly not of the steering of the coxswains' four.

R. T. Lee, the holder of the Diamond Sculls, won his heat easily. T. D. A. Collett, the holder of the Wingfield Sculls, beat J. E. Hewens, Maidenhead, who spoilt his chances by hitting a boom. Collett will meet Joe Wright, Canada, the favourite, to-day.

Cohen was sentenced to 21 months imprisonment for theft. He had pleaded guilty to stealing money from a man, who knowing his past record had tried to help him when in difficulty.

Det. Sergt. Joseph Mitchell said that Cohen had also obtained 2,500 cigarettes from another man. These he took to Windsor races, sold them, and lost the money backing horses. Cohen, a native of Poltava, South-West Russia, came to England in 1904 and had been convicted 10 times in the past 10 years.

Return As Stowaway.

In November, 1919 he was expelled from the country and placed in a steamer at Southampton for Danzig. When he reached that port he went to the British Consul and reported himself to be a British subject named Isaac Goodman Green, of Finch-street, Whitechapel. Investigation proved that Mr. Green was killed in action on September 18th, 1918.

Cohen in July 1923 was arrested for larceny. He admitted that he had returned to England by way of Hull as a stowaway. He was recommended for deportation, but when taken to the Russian Trade Delegation he refused to sign an application form for Soviet citizenship and said he did not wish to return to Russia.

(Continued on next column).

COULD NOT REST AT NIGHT

Rash Itched and Burned Terribly. Cuticura Heals.

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CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUICHANG" On 4th Aug.	5 a.m.
SWATOW & HONGKONG	"KALANG" On 5th Aug.	1 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG" On 6th Aug.	9 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"LUOHOW" On 8th Aug.	Noon
CHONGKING & DALNY	"SHANTUNG" On 7th Aug.	5 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"YUNNAN" On 8th Aug.	10 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"KWEIYANG" On 9th Aug.	2 p.m.
BANGKOK	"LINAN" On 9th Aug.	5 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SOOCHOW" On 11th Aug.	4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KUEIHOW" On 11th Aug.	4 p.m.
WINDAW, CHITTOO & TIENTSIN	"KALANG" On 12th Aug.	1 p.m.
SWATOW & HONGKONG	"KANOHOW" On 13th Aug.	Noon
NEWYANG & DALNY	"SINKIANG" On 14th Aug.	5 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANKING" On 14th Aug.	3 p.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"CHENAN" On 16th Aug.	2 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN" On 16th Aug.	10 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"HUICHOW" On 23rd Aug.	4 p.m.
WINDAW, CHITTOO & TIENTSIN		

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CHANGTE	7th August	17th August
TAIPING	7th September	14th September
CHANGTE	8th October	16th October
TAIPING	8th November	13th November

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Sailings from Hongkong.

S.S. "CITY OF EVANSVILLE"	Via Suez Canal	7th August
S.S. "LYCAON"	Via Suez Canal	24th August
S.S. "PHENIX"	Via Suez Canal	21st September
S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN"	Via Suez Canal	5th October

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M.V. "JAVANESE PRINCE" ... 16th September

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To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.	To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.
ANDRE LEBON ... 14th Aug.	PORTHOS ... 14th Aug.
CHENONORCAUX ... 28th Aug.	ATHOS II ... 28th Aug.
PORTHOS ... 11th Sept.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 11th Sept.
ATHOS II ... 25th Sept.	SPHINX ... 25th Sept.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 9th Oct.	G. METZINGER ... 9th Oct.
SPHINX ... 23rd Oct.	PAUL LECAT ... 23rd Oct.
G. METZINGER ... 6th Nov.	ANDRE LEBON ... 7th Nov.
PAUL LECAT ... 20th Nov.	CHENONORCAUX ... 21st Nov.
ANDRE LEBON ... 4th Dec.	PORTHOS ... 5th Dec.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Suez, Port, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

COMMERCIAL LINE
For DUNKIRK via Port-Said, Oran, Casablanca, Hamburg, Rotterdam, (Antwerp) ... 4th August.

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Shipping News

Arrivals and Departures, etc.

ARRIVALS.

August 2nd.

Honolulu Maru, Japanese str., 3,540 tons, Capt. H. Egusa, from Moji, which port she left on July 23th, with 40 tons of general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—O.S.K.
Limchow, French str., 1,416 tons, Capt. P. B. Morganti, from Haiphong and Hoibow, with coal and general cargo, lying at buoy No. C43.85ing Kee Co.
Seitan, British str., 1,571 tons, Capt. Alex. C. Inglis, from Singapore, which port she left on July 29th, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B47.—Foo Nam S.S. Co.

August 3rd.

Baron Belhaven, British str., 3,730 tons, Capt. T. Baillie, from Sourabaya and Samarang. The latter port she left on July 20th, with 6,900 tons of sugar, lying at buoy No. A27.—J.C.S.L.
Benalder, British str., 4,731 tons, Capt. J. J. Fairweather, from Singapore, which port she left on July 23th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
Kashmir, British str., 5,584 tons, Capt. R. Mallalua, from Shanghai, which port she left on July 31st, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.
Luchow, British str., 1,231 tons, Capt. C. M. Jones, from Shanghai and Amoy, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B12.—B. & S.
Suinyung, British str., 1,594 tons, Capt. L. Jenkins, from Canton, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B2.—B. & S.

CLEARANCES.

August 3rd.

Arafura, for Manila.
Cheong Shing, for Canton.
Daikoku Maru, for Kwangyen.
Derwent, for Hoibow.
Golden Dragon, for San Francisco.
Hai Ning, for Swatow.
Honolulu Maru, for Singapore.
Kashmir, for Singapore.
Limchow, for Canton.
Luchow, for Canton.
Prominent, for Swatow.
Suinyung, for Shanghai.
Tak King, for Amoy.
Tjikarang, for Amoy.

MERCHANT SHIPS IN PORT

The following merchant vessels were in port yesterday at 9 a.m.:—
British: City of Tokio, Foo Shing, Kwei Yang, Kashmir, Seitan, Luchow, Sui Yang, Baron Belhaven, New Althilde, Cheong Shing, Halvard, Tean, Haihong, Arafura, Eburna, Mau Sang, Kaying, Danyurim, Antung, City of Evansville, Haining, Seang Bee, Taikoo, Gorgina, Sumatra.
American: Golden Dragon.
Norwegian: Corona, Hiram, Scale, Prominent, Daviken, Vestland.
Portuguese: Kong On, King On.
Japanese: Kishu Maru, Tayo Maru, Daikoku Maru, Kaito Maru, Honolulu Maru.
Chinese: Kwok Tai, Devawongse, Derwent, Chuang Chow, San Sai Kai, Poo Tye, Tan On, Hung Chow, Tejo, Haimun, Gen. H. Knox, Man Sun.
Dutch: Tjikarang, Jan, Otto.
Danish: Clara Jensen.
French: Song Bo, Limchow, Tjikarang.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

The following passengers arrived on August 3rd by the s.s. Kashmir from Yokohama and Shanghai:—
Lieut. G. D. Adamson, Major Rev. Addison, Miss E. Anthony, Mr. W. Brotherton, Mr. Bowers, Mr. F. Bryant, Lieut. F. Barchard, Miss E. Birch, Lieut. Comdr. G. Cross, Mr. D. McCrobie, Mr. F. Chu, Mr. S. Chang, Dr. and Mrs. G. A. Cox, Mrs. A. Cleave, Mr. Figtree, Mr. L. M. Fisher, Miss A. Garrett, Mrs. Gaines, Lieut. E. Howard Crockett, Miss A. Hawkins, Mr. S. Hsu, Mr. and Mrs. J. Harris and four children, Miss S. Knappett, Miss D. Kirke, Mr. G. C. Pinton, Miss J. Perkins, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Politt, Bishop Renaud, Mr. A. Rottenheweller, Miss Rummel, Pte. Vince, Mrs. M. Waugh, Mr. S. Wen, Mr. R. White, and Mr. H. K. Yang.

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CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

S.S. "CHENONORCAUX."

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CONSIGNEES are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence Delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.
All Claims must be sent in to me on or before Friday, the 10th August, 1928, or they will not be recognised.
Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m. on Tuesday, the 6th August, 1928.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

L. LESDOS, Agent.
Hong Kong, 1st Aug., 1928. (5826)

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CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

From LEITH, MIDDLESBRO, ANTWERP, LONDON & STRAITS.

The Steamship, "BENALDER."

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., whence, and/or from the wharves Delivery may be obtained.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th instant will be subject to Rent.
All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 24th instant, or they will not be recognised.
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 9th instant, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Ltd., Agents.
Hong Kong, 3rd Aug., 1928. (5872)

BRITISH INDIA S.S. CO., LTD.

From KOBE & MOJI

THE Steamship "TALMA" having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where Delivery may be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.
Goods not cleared by 7th Aug., 1928, will be subject to Rent.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.
Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, at 10 a.m., Mondays and Thursdays.
All Claims must be presented within Ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Hong Kong, 31st July, 1928. (5837)

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD., COPENHAGEN.

THE Motor Vessel "JAVA" having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where Delivery may be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 8th August, 1928, 4 p.m., will be subject to Rent.
All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined by Messrs. Anderson & Ashie on 7th August, 1928, at 10 a.m.
All Claims against the Vessel must be presented to the Underwriter before the 11th August, 1928, or they will not be recognised.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD., Agents.
Hong Kong, 2nd Aug., 1928. (5863)

INDO-CHINA

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	Steamship	Date
TSINGTAO via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"FOOSHING" ... "CHAKSANG" ... "YATSHING" ... "KWONGSANG"	Sun., 5th Aug., at Noon Wed., 8th Aug., at Noon Sun., 12th Aug., at Noon Wed., 15th Aug., at Noon
OSAKA via AMOY & KOBE	"NAMSANG"	Sun., 5th Aug., at Noon
OSAKA via AMOY, SHAL, MOJI & KOBE	"KUMSANG"	Sun., 19th Aug., at 7 a.m.
CANTON	"YATSHING"	Mon., 6th Aug., at 11 p.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"HOSANG" ... "KUTSANG"	Mon., 6th Aug., at 3 p.m. Mon., 13th Aug., at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN	"CHEONGSHING"	Tues., 7th Aug., at Noon
SANDAKAN	"MAUSANG"	Tues., 21st Aug., at 3 p.m.

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Motor Vessel "GLENNOBLE"	... (via Oran)	11th Sept.
Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY"	... (via Oran)	18th Sept.
Motor Vessel "GLENAPP"	... (via Oran)	31st Oct.

To SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOCK.

Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY"		11th Aug.
Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE"		11th Aug.
Motor Vessel "GLENGARRY"		1st Sept.
Motor Vessel "GLENAPP"		14th Sept.

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Pass. S.S. "FULDA"		departure 24th August.
Freight S.S. "MAIN"		departure 9th Sept.
Pass. S.S. "TRIER"		departure 22nd Sept.

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Pass. S.S. "TRIER" due here 26th August

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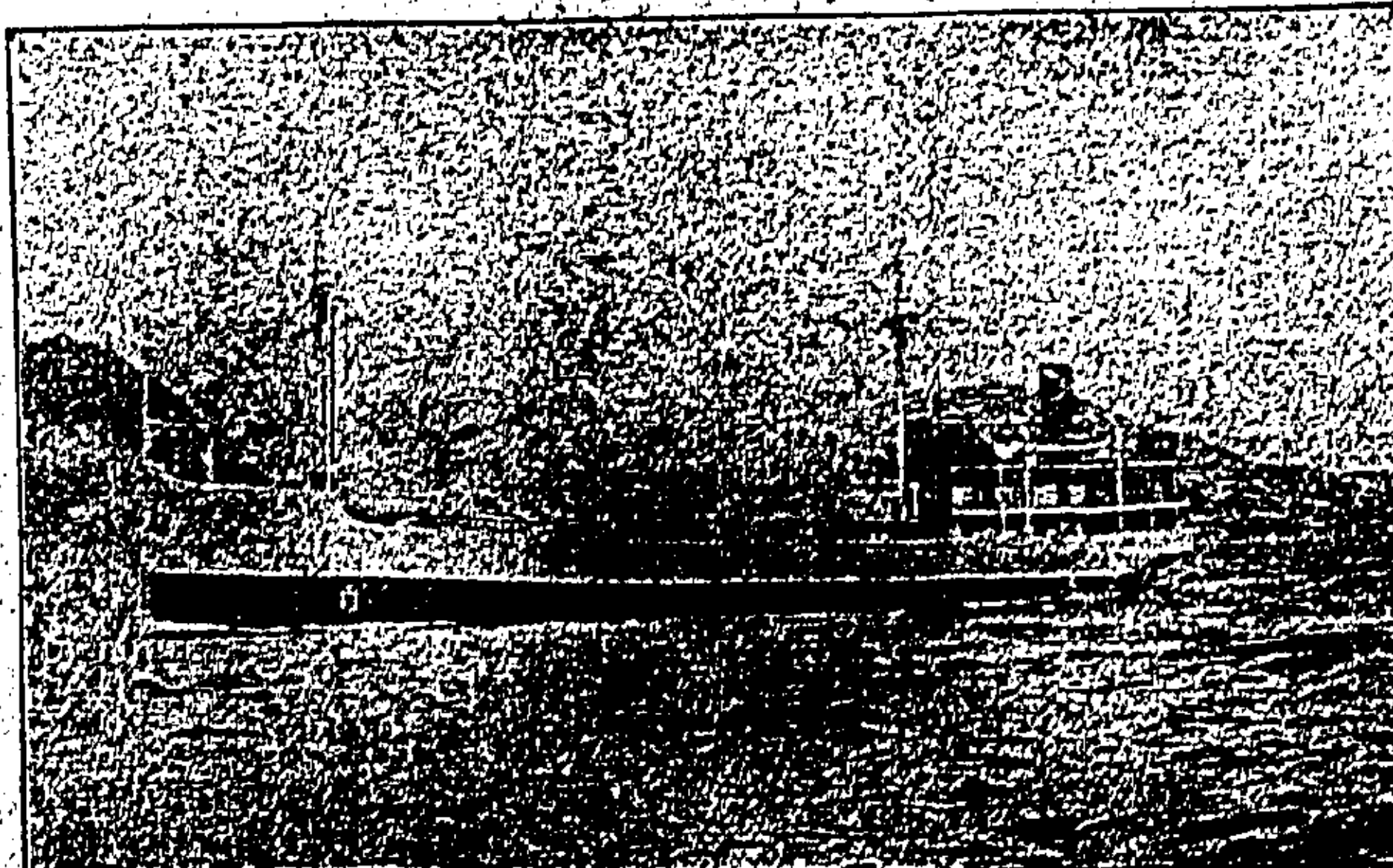
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TENYO MARU ... Tuesday, 31st Aug.

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ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 11th Aug.

KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 18th Aug.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Port.

MISHIMA MARU ... Wednesday, 22nd Aug.

TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 19th Sept.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

TAMBA MARU ... Saturday, 11th Aug.

TOTOBI MARU (omit Penang) ... Monday, 29th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

ANYO MARU ... Saturday, 18th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Port.

NEW YORK and BOSTON via PANAMA.

† CALCUTTA MARU ... Thursday, 16th Aug.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Genoa & Marseilles.

† DELAGOA MARU (Call Glasgow) ... Friday, 17th Aug.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

† MALACCA MARU ... Wednesday, 8th Aug.

† PENANG MARU ... Sunday, 19th Aug.

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

TANGO MARU ... Friday, 17th Aug.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

SUWA MARU ... Monday, 6th Aug.

† NAGATO MARU (Mojito direct) ... Friday, 10th Aug.

† Cargo only. Subject to alteration without notice.

For further information, apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

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Splendid Big Game Shooting.

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Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News, Vessels Expected, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

CARGOES CONTINUE TO IMPROVE.

HEAVY BRITISH FIGURES.

The general cargo returns for the period ending at 9 a.m. yesterday morning continued to show improvement. With twelve arrivals and fourteen departures, of which eight arrivals and six departures were British ships; the British vessels contributed more than half of the cargoes and were shown throughout as best carriers. Ten vessels had general merchandise for this port of which six British ships contributed 10,050 tons. The best returns were shown by the s.s. *Baron Belhaven* a British vessel under Dutch charter, with 6,000 tons of sugar from Sourabaya and Samarang. The s.s. *Kashgar* (British) also discharged 1,750 tons of rice from Bangkok and Hoiboh.

Through freights carried by eight vessels amounted to 20,087 tons and six British ships carried 14,412 tons. Again two British ships were best carriers. The s.s. *City of Tokio* from Dairen and Shanghai, had 7,250 tons, while the s.s. *Kashgar* from Yokohama and Shanghai had 3,734 tons of general cargo.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were as follows:—

	Arr.	Dep.
British	8	6
Japanese	1	1
Norwegian	0	2
Chinese	1	4
Dutch	0	1
French	2	0
Total	12	14

VESSLS EXPECTED.

American Mail Line.

President Madison, to-day.

Australian-Oriental Line.

Changite, August 7th.

Taipei, September 7th.

Bank Line.

City of Kharlov, to-day.

City of Evansville, August 10th.

City of Halifax, August 17th.

City of Kikos, September 1st.

City of Lincoln, September 14th.

City of Eastbourne, October 10th.

Blue Funnel Line.

Bellerophon, August 8th.

Phenicia, August 9th.

Glaucus, August 9th.

Tewer, August 14th.

Catchus, August 16th.

Automedon, August 18th.

Antilochus, August 20th.

Philoteetes, August 21st.

Elpenor, August 22nd.

Sarpedon, August 23rd.

Lyceon, August 24th.

Tyndareus, September 2nd.

Orestes, August 31st.

Aeneas, August 4th.

Menelaus, September 7th.

Eurylochus, September 9th.

Achilles, September 18th.

Telamon, September 18th.

Patroclus, September 20th.

Protesilaus, September 22nd.

Meriones, September 22nd.

Matoppe, September 29th.

Atalanta, October 9th.

Onfa, October 15th.

Calchivius, October 16th.

Adriatus, October 17th.

Agapenor, October 17th.

Antenor, October 18th.

Dioned, October 18th.

Hector, November 15th.

Izion, November 6th.

Titan, November 20th.

Peninsular and Oriental.

Kidderpore, August 10th.

Niddera, August 10th.

Rajputana, August 18th.

Kashgar, August 20th.

Nagapora, August 20th.

Morea, September 15th.

Lahore, September 24th.

Khiva, September 27th.

Macedonia, October 12th.

Karmala, October 19th.

Khyber, October 28th.

Malwa, November 6th.

Mantua, December 7th.

British-India and Appear Line.

Warfield, August 10th.

Takura, August 12th.

Tilana, August 13th.

Takula, August 20th.

Talumba, September 3rd.

Canadian Pacific Line.

Empress of Canada, to-morrow.

Dollar S.S. Line.

President Harrison, August 11th.

President Pierce, August 13th.

East Asiatic Co., Copenhagen.

Danmark, August 24th.

Asia, September 6th.

Java, September 6th.

Chile, September 21st.

Eastern and Australian Lines.

Tanda, August 8th.

St. Albans, September 3rd.

Glan Line.

Glenamoy, August 11th.

Glenluce, August 11th.

Glenhane, August 12th.

Glenagarry, September 1st.

Glenapp, September 14th.

Hamburg-Amerika Liddle and Hugo Stinnes Linien.

Heidelberg, August 6th.

Oldenburg, August 7th.

Rheinland, August 20th.

Havenslein, August 31st.

Carl Legien, September 4th.

Leverkuisen, September 13th.

Ermland, September 30th.

Java-China-Japan Line.

Tjikembang, August 6th.

Tjikini, August 13th.

Tjiklak, August 13th.

Tjikaroca, August 18th.

Tjikarang, August 20th.

Tjikanoek, August 27th.

Tjikarom, August 27th.

Tjikondari, August 30th.

Messageries Maritimes.

Min, to-day.

Andre Lebon, August 14th.

Portos, August 14th.

Atos II, August 25th.

Chonocetus, August 25th.

D'Artagnan, September 11th.

Spring, September 25th.

General Metinger, October 8th.

Paul Leont, October 23rd.

Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Anyo Maru, to-morrow.

Malacca Maru, August 7th.

Atsuta Maru, August 10th.

Tamba Maru, August 10th.

Tenyo Maru, August 14th.

Calcutta Maru, August 15th.

Delagoa Maru, August 16th.

Tenyo Maru, August 18th.

Tenyo Maru, August 18th.

Mishima Maru, August 21st.

Kashima Maru, August 24th.

Tokoro Maru, August 24th.

Korea Maru, August 28th.

Tawachi Maru, September 5th.

Hakone Maru, September 7th.

Taketo Maru, September 8th.

Bokuyo Maru, September 10th.

Shinyo Maru, September 12th.

Suwa Maru, September 21st.

Lyons Maru, September 21st.

Tango Maru, September 18th.

Mayebashi Maru, September 23rd.

Siberia Maru, September 25th.

Fushimi Maru, October 5th.

Kanagawa Maru, October 8th.

Aki Maru, October 23rd.

Takuyo Maru, October 24th.

Hakata Maru, November 9th.

Ginjo Maru, December 3rd.

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Malwa, November 6th.

Mantua, December 7th.

DAILY WATERFRONT NEWS.

MARINE COURT CASES.

[BY LONGSHOREMAN.]

Bright Lights In Prohibited Areas.

Lo Put Chai, a fishing boat hand appeared before Commander J. B. Newell, D.S.O., R.N., at the Marine Court yesterday morning for using bright lights in a prohibited area at Central Fairway for the purpose of attracting fish.

The defendant pleaded guilty and was fined \$10 with the alternative of 10 days' hard labour.

Trespassing In Cable Area.

Another master of a cargo junk appeared before the Marine Magistrate at the instance of Sub-Inspector Hopkins for anchoring within the cable area at Aberdeen. This time the defendant pleaded guilty and was fined \$5 with the option of five days' imprisonment.

Carrying Too Many Passengers.

Leung Yau Ching, the coxswain of a Chinese motor-boat, *Wo Kwei*, was summoned for carrying five passengers more than the number permitted on his motor boat's license. Inspector Moss prosecuted and the defendant had nothing to say.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$10 with the usual alternative.

Lying In-shore.

Three boat people also appeared on the old complaint of mooring their boats inshore after prohibited hours. All three defendants pleaded guilty and had to pay \$10 each.

Asiatic Deck Passengers.

Six vessels brought 1,175 Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the period ending at 9 a.m. yesterday.

Another "Baron" Boat Under Dutch Charter.

The s.s. *Baron Belhaven* which arrived in port for the first time in the second of the "Baron" class, to call here under Dutch charter. The previous visit was of the s.s. *Baron Ruyten*. This vessel belongs to the same Shipping Company as the present arrival.

The s.s. *Baron Belhaven* is a larger vessel than the *Ruyten* and has been chartered by the Java-China-Japan-Lyn to carry a cargo of sugar from Sourabaya and Samarang. Incidentally this vessel made the best cargo return of vessels entering the port yesterday. Her tonnage is 6,591 and she was built in 1925 at Glasgow by Lithgows, Ltd., for the Hogarth Shipping Co. (H. Hogarth & Son, Ltd., Mgrs.). She has a nominal horse-power of 400.

Her dimensions are length-435.2 feet, 57.3 feet width and 29.6 depth.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

	Sunrise.	Sunset.
To-day	5.56 a.m.	7.02 p.m.
To-morrow	5.56 "	7.02 "
Monday	5.57 "	7.01 "

Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen.

Grandon, August 15th.

